

Axial piston variable pump A10VSO series 32

Americas



- ▶ Optimized medium pressure pump for high power machines
- ▶ Sizes 45 to 180
- ▶ Nominal pressure 4100 psi (280 bar)
- ▶ Maximum pressure 5100 psi (350 bar)
- ▶ For industrial applications
- ▶ Open circuit

Features

- ▶ Variable displacement pump with axial piston rotary group of swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in open circuit
- ▶ Flow is proportional to the drive speed and displacement.
- ▶ The flow can be infinitely varied by adjusting the swashplate angle.
- ▶ Hydrostatically unloaded cradle bearing
- ▶ Port for measurement sensor on the high-pressure port
- ▶ Low noise level
- ▶ Low pressure pulsation
- ▶ High efficiency
- ▶ High resistance to cavitation, suction pressure drops and housing pressure peaks
- ▶ Universal through drive

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Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
A10VS	O			/	32		-			B		

Axial piston unit

01	Swashplate design, variable, nominal pressure 4100 psi (280 bar), maximum pressure 5100 psi (350 bar)	A10VS
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Operating mode

02	Pump, open circuit	O
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Size (NG)

03	Geometric displacement, see "Technical data" on page 8	045	071	100	140	180
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Control device

04	Two-point control, direct operated				•	•	•	•	•	DG
	Pressure controller	hydraulic			•	•	•	•	•	DR
	with flow controller	hydraulic	X-T open		•	•	•	•	•	DRF
			X-T plugged		•	•	•	•	•	DRS
	Pressure cut-off	hydraulic	remote controlled		•	•	•	•	•	DRG
		electric	negative control	$U = 24\text{ V}$	•	•	•	•	•	ED72
		electric	positive control	$U = 24\text{ V}$	•	•	•	•	•	ER72
	Power controller with									
	Pressure cut-off	hydraulic	Beginning of control	to 725 psi (50 bar)	•	•	•	•	•	LA5D
				from 726 to 1300 psi (51 to 90 bar)	•	•	•	•	•	LA6D
				1301 to 2350 psi (91 to 160 bar)	•	•	•	•	•	LA7D
				2351 to 3500 psi (161 to 240 bar)	•	•	•	•	•	LA8D
				above 3501 psi (240 bar)	•	•	•	•	•	LA9D
	Pressure cut-off and flow control	hydraulic	Beginning of control	see LA.D	•	•	•	•	•	LA.DS
	Remotely controlled pressure cut-off	hydraulic	Beginning of control	see LA.D	•	•	•	•	•	LA.DG
	separate flow control	hydraulic	Beginning of control	see LA.D	•	•	•	•	•	LA.S

Series

05	Series 3, index 2	32
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Direction of rotation

06	Viewed on drive shaft	clockwise	R
		counter-clockwise	L

Sealing material

		045	071	100	140	180	
07	FKM (fluorocarbon rubber)	•	•	•	•	•	V
	NBR (nitrile rubber) only with use of HFA, HFB, HFC hydraulic fluid	–	–	–	•	–	C

Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
A10VS	O			/	32		-			B		

Drive shaft

		045	071	100	140	180
08	Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1, limited suitability for through drive (see the table of values, page 10)	●	●	●	●	●
	Splined shaft	●	●	●	●	●
	ISO 3019-1	●	●	—	—	—

Mounting flange

09	ISO 3019-1; 4-hole	D
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Port

		045	071	100	140	180
10	SAE flange ports ISO 6162 fastening thread, UNF (port plate and through drive assignment see position 11).	—	—	—	●	—
	top, bottom, opposite	—	—	—	●	—
	top, bottom, opposite, with universal through drive without pulsation damping	●	●	●	●	●
	top, bottom, opposite, with universal through drive with pulsation damping	●	●	●	●	●

Through drive (for mounting options, see page 45)

11	For Flange ISO 3019-1 ¹⁾	Hub for splined shaft ²⁾				
	Diameter	Mounting ⁴⁾	Diameter			
	Only for port plate 62			045	071	100
	without through drive ⁵⁾			—	—	—
	82-2 (A)	⌀, ♂, ∞	5/8 in 9T 16/32DP	—	—	—
		⌀, ♂, ∞	3/4 in 11T 16/32DP	—	—	—
	101-2 (B)	⌀, ♂, ∞	7/8 in 13T 16/32DP	—	—	—
		⌀, ♂, ∞	1 in 15T 16/32DP	—	—	—
	127-2 (C)	♂, ∞	1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	—	—	—
	127-2 (C)	♂, ∞	1 1/2 in 17T12/24DP	—	—	—
	127-4 (C)	⊗	1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	—	—	—
	152-4 (D)	⊗	1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	—	—	—
	Only for port plate 72 and 82			045	071	100
	without through drive ³⁾			●	●	●
	82-2 (A)	⌀, ♂, ∞	5/8 in 9T 16/32DP	●	●	●
		⌀, ♂, ∞	3/4 in 11T 16/32DP	●	●	●
	101-2 (B)	⌀, ♂, ∞	7/8 in 13T 16/32DP	●	●	●
		⌀, ♂, ∞	1 in 15T 16/32DP	●	●	●
	127-2 (C)	⌀, ♂, ∞	1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	—	●	●
	127-2 (C)	⌀, ♂, ∞	1 1/2 in 17T12/24DP	—	—	●
	127-4 (C)	⊗	1 in 15T 16/32DP	●	●	●
			1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	—	●	●
	152-4 (D)	⊗	1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	—	—	●
		⊗	1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	—	—	—

1) 2-hole: Attachment pump series 31

4-hole: Attachment pump series 32

2) According to ANSI B92.1a (splined shaft according to ISO 3019-1)

3) With through-drive shaft, without hub, without intermediate flange, closed on a functionally reliable basis with cover. For mounting kits, see data sheet 95581.

4) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

5) Version "N00" with V_g limitation.

Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13		
A10VS	O			/	32		-	V		B				
Rotary group version									045	071	100	140	180	
12	Standard rotary group (noise-optimized for n= 1500/1800 rpm)								●	●	●	●	●	E
	High-speed; with port plate version 72U								●	●	●	●	-	S
	High-speed; with port plate version 82U								●	●	○	○	-	
Connector for solenoids														
13	Without connector (without solenoid, only for hydraulic controls, without signs)													
	HIRSCHMANN connector – without suppressor diode											H		

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

Notice

►

Note the project planning notes on page 50.

►

In addition to the type code, please specify the relevant technical data.

1) According to ANSI B92.1a (splined shaft according to ISO 3019-1)

2) With through-drive shaft, without hub, without intermediate flange, closed on a functionally reliable basis with cover. For mounting kits, see data sheet 95581.

3) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

Hydraulic fluids

The A10VSO variable pump is designed for operation with HLP mineral oil according to DIN 51524.

See the following data sheets for application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluids before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ▶ 90222: HFD hydraulic fluids (for permissible technical data, see data sheet 90225)
- ▶ 90223: Fire-resistant, water-containing hydraulic fluids (HFC/HFB/HFAE/HFAS)
- ▶ 90225: Limited technical data for operation with water-free and water-containing fire-resistant hydraulic fluids (HFDR, HFDU, HFAE, HFAS, HFB, HFC)

Selection of hydraulic fluid

Bosch Rexroth evaluates hydraulic fluids on the basis of the Fluid Rating according to the technical data sheet 90235.

Hydraulic fluids with positive evaluation in the Fluid Rating are provided in the following technical data sheet:

- ▶ 90245: Bosch Rexroth Fluid Rating List for Rexroth hydraulic components (pumps and motors)

Selection of hydraulic fluid shall make sure that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (ν_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

Notice

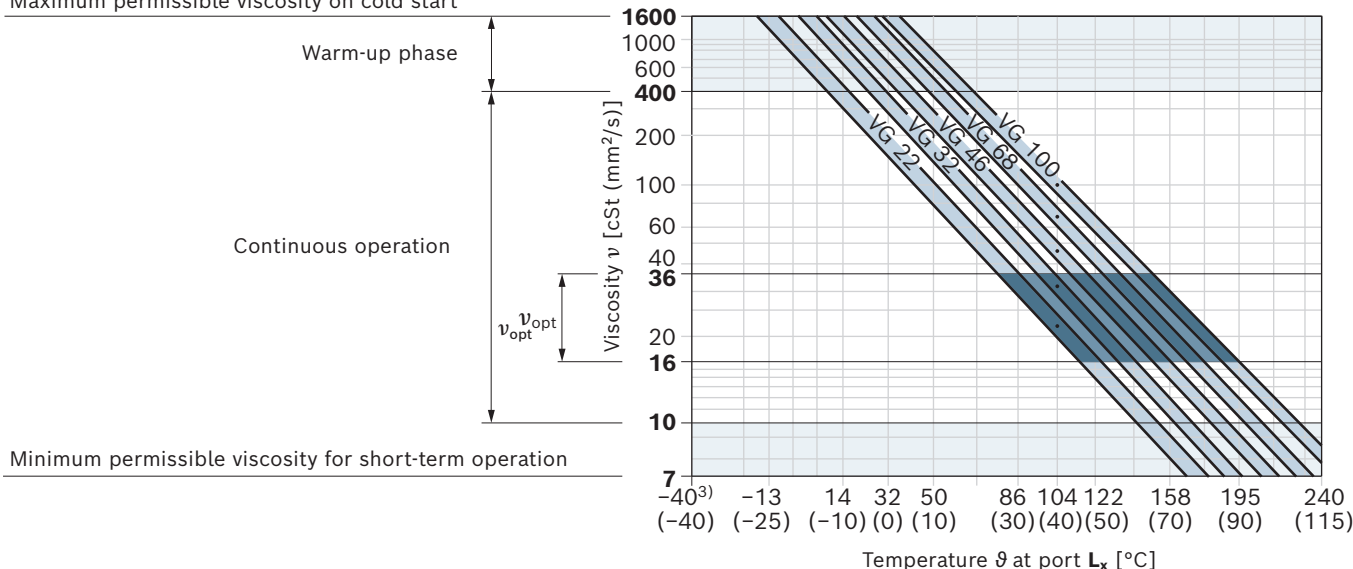
- ▶ Size 140 is suitable for operation with water-containing HF hydraulic fluids. See version "C".

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Temperature ²⁾	Remarks
Cold start	$\nu_{max} \leq 1600 \text{ cSt (mm}^2/\text{s)}$	FKM	$\vartheta_{St} \geq -13 \text{ °F}$ (-25 °C)	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, without load ($p \leq 435 \text{ psi (50 bar)}$), $n \leq 1000 \text{ rpm}$ Permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid in the system maximum 45 °F (25 K)
Warm-up phase	$\nu = 1600 \dots 400 \text{ cSt (mm}^2/\text{s)}$			$t \leq 15 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.7 \times p_{nom}$ and $n \leq 0.5 \times n_{nom}$
Continuous operation	$\nu = 400 \dots 10 \text{ cSt (mm}^2/\text{s}^{1)})$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +230 \text{ °F}$ (+110°C)	Measured at port L_x
	$\nu_{opt} = 36 \dots 16 \text{ cSt (mm}^2/\text{s)}$			Optimal operating viscosity and efficiency range
Short-term operation	$\nu_{min} = 10 \dots 7 \text{ cSt (mm}^2/\text{s)}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +230 \text{ °F}$ (+110°C)	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.3 \times p_{nom}$, measured at port L_x

▼ Selection diagram

Maximum permissible viscosity on cold start



1) This corresponds, for example on the VG 46, to a temperature range of +39 °F to 113 °F (+4 °C to +85 °C) (see selection diagram)

2) If the temperature at extreme operating parameters cannot be adhered to, please contact us.

3) For applications in the low-temperature range, please contact us.

Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 is to be maintained according to ISO 4406

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 cSt (mm²/s) (e.g. due to high temperatures during short-term operation), at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 under ISO 4406 is required.

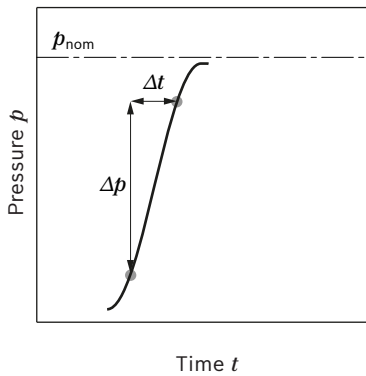
For example, viscosity corresponds to 10 cSt (mm²/s) at:

- HLP 32 at a temperature of 163 °F (73°C)
- HLP 46 at a temperature of 185°F (85 °C)

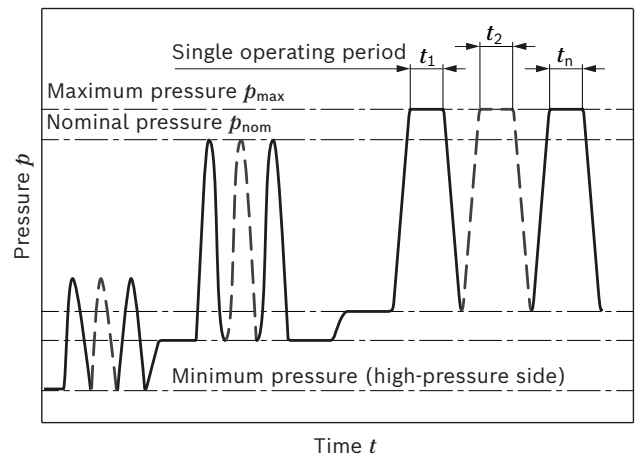
Working pressure range

Pressure at working port B			Definition
Nominal pressure p_{nom}	4100 psi (280 bar)		The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.
Maximum pressure p_{max}	5100 psi (350 bar)		The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum working pressure within a single operating period. The sum of single operating periods must not exceed the total operating period.
Single operating period	2.5 ms		
Total operating period	300 h		
Minimum pressure (high-pressure side)	145 psi (10 bar) ¹⁾		Minimum pressure on the high-pressure side (B) which is required in order to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.
Rate of pressure change $R_{A\ max}$	232000 psi/s (16000 bar/s)		Maximum permissible pressure build-up and reduction speed during a pressure change across the entire pressure range.
Pressure at suction port S (inlet)			
Minimum pressure $p_{S\ min}$	Standard	12 psi (0.8 bar) absolute	Minimum pressure at suction port S (inlet) which is required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit. The minimum pressure depends on the rotational speed and displacement of the axial piston unit.
	High-Speed	15 psi (1.0 bar) absolute	
Maximum pressure $p_{S\ max}$		145 psi (10 bar) ²⁾	
Case pressure at port L ₁ , L ₂			
Maximum pressure $p_{L\ max}$	30 psi (2 bar) absolute		Maximum 7.5 psi (0.5 bar) higher than inlet pressure at port S , but not higher than $p_{L\ max}$. A drain line to the reservoir is required.
Pilot pressure port X with external high pressure			
Maximum pressure p_{max}	5100 psi (350 bar)		When designing all control lines with external high pressure, the values for the rate of pressure change, maximum single operating period and total operating period applicable to port B must not be exceeded.

▼ Rate of pressure change $R_{A\ max}$



▼ Pressure definition



$$\text{Total operating period} = t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n$$

Notice

Working pressure range applies when using hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils. Please contact us for values for other hydraulic fluids.

1) Lower pressure is time-dependent, please contact us
2) Other values on request

Technical data

Rotary group – version "E"

Size		NG		45	71	100	140	180
Geometric displacement, per revolution	$V_{g \max}$		inch ³	2.75	4.34	6.10	8.54	10.98
			(cm ³)	(45)	(71)	(100)	(140)	(180)
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾	at $V_{g \max}$	n_{nom}	rpm	1800 ²⁾	1800 ²⁾	1800 ²⁾	1800 ³⁾	1800 ³⁾
Flow	at n_{nom} and $V_{g \max}$	q_v	gpm	21.4	34	47.6	67	85.6
			(l/min)	(81)	(128)	(180)	(252)	(324)
Power	at n_{nom} , $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	P	HP	50	80	112	158	202.5
			(kW)	(38)	(59.7)	(84)	(118)	(151)
Torque	at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	M	lb-ft	145	231	325	454	589
			(Nm)	(200)	(317)	(446)	(624)	(802)
	at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 100$ bar	M	lb-ft	51	83	117	164	208
			(Nm)	(72)	(113)	(159)	(223)	(286)
Rotary stiffness Drive shaft	K	c	lb-ft/rad	25509	59446	97603	138958	157113
			(Nm/rad)	(34587)	(80627)	(132335)	(188406)	(213022)
	S	c	lb-ft/rad	21755	53017	89348	125042	126199
			(Nm/rad)	(29497)	(71884)	(121142)	(169537)	(171107)
	R	c	lb-ft/rad	30256	56455	–	–	–
			(Nm/rad)	(41025)	(76545)	–	–	–
Moment of inertia of the rotary group		J_{TW}	lb-ft ²	0.0830	0.2065	0.4390	0.6549	0.7831
			(kgm ²)	(0.0035)	(0.0087)	(0.0185)	(0.0276)	(0.033)
Maximum angular acceleration ⁴⁾		α	rad/s ²	4000	2900	2400	2000	2000
Case volume		V	gal (L)	0.3 (1.0)	0.4 (1.6)	0.6 (2.2)	0.8 (3.0)	0.7 (2.7)
Weight (62N00 without through drive) approx.		m	lbs (kg)	–	–	–	155 (70.5)	–
Weight (62Kxx) approx.		m	lbs (kg)	–	–	–	175 (79.5)	–
Weight (72Uxx/82Uxx) approx.		m	lbs (kg)	72 (32.6)	114 (51.8)	168 (76)	199 (90.2)	197 (89.4)

Determination of the characteristics			
Flow	q_v	$= \frac{V_g \times n \times \eta_v}{231 (1000)}$	[gpm (l/min)]
Torque	M	$= \frac{V_g \times \Delta p}{24 (20) \times \pi \times \eta_{\text{hm}}}$	[lb-ft (Nm)]
Power	P	$= \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{33000 (60000)} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p}{1714 (600) \times \eta_t}$	[HP (kW)]

Key

- V_g Displacement per revolution [inch³ (cm³)]
 Δp Differential pressure [psi (bar)]
 n Rotational speed [rpm]
 η_v Volumetric efficiency
 η_{hm} Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency
 η_t Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \times \eta_{\text{hm}}$)

- 1) The values are applicable:
– for the opt. viscosity range from $\nu_{\text{opt}} = 36$ to 16 cSt (mm²/s)
– with hydraulic fluid on the basis of mineral oils
– with HF hydraulic fluids (observe technical data on page 9 and data sheet 90225)

Notice

- Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. Bosch Rexroth recommend testing the load by means of experiment or calculation/simulation and comparison with the permissible values.

- 2) The values are applicable at an absolute pressure of $p_{\text{abs}} = 12$ psi (0.8 bar) at suction port **S**
3) The values apply at absolute pressure $p_{\text{abs}} = 15$ psi (1.0 bar) at suction port **S**
4) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.

Technical data

High-speed rotary group – version "S"

Size	NG		45	71	100	140
Geometric displacement, per revolution	$V_{g \max}$	inch ³	2.75	4.34	6.10	8.54
		(cm ³)	(45)	(71)	(100)	(140)
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾ at $V_{g \max}$	n_{nom}	rpm	3000 ²⁾	2550 ²⁾	2300 ²⁾⁵⁾	2200 ²⁾⁵⁾
Flow at n_{nom} and $V_{g \max}$	q_v	gpm	35.6	47.8	61	81.3
		(l/min)	(135)	(181)	(230)	(308)
Power at n_{nom} , $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	P	HP	84	113	143	193
		(kW)	(62.8)	(85)	(107)	(144)
Torque at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	M	lb-ft	145	230	325	457
		(Nm)	(200)	(317)	(446)	(624)
	M	lb-ft	50	80	115	162
		(Nm)	(72)	(113)	(159)	(223)
Rotary stiffness	Drive shaft K	c	lb-ft/rad			
	Drive shaft S	c				
	Drive shaft R	c				
Moment of inertia of the rotary group	J_{TW}	kgm ²	see technical data – version "E" on page 8			
Maximum angular acceleration ³⁾	α	lb-ft ²				
Case volume	V	gal				
Weight (approx.)	m	lbs				

Information for determination of the characteristics see page 8.

Notice

- Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. Bosch Rexroth recommend testing the load by means of experiment or calculation/simulation and comparison with the permissible values.

- The values are applicable:
 - for the opt. viscosity range from $\nu_{\text{opt}} = 36$ to 16 cSt (mm²/s)
 - with hydraulic fluid on the basis of mineral oils
- The values apply at absolute pressure $p_{\text{abs}} = 15$ psi (1.0 bar) at suction port **S**
- The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.
- For HF hydraulic fluids, see additional technical data in data sheet 90225).
- Only with port plate 62 and 72.

Technical data, HF hydraulic fluids

Maximum rotational speed

Hydraulic fluid ⁴⁾		Size 140
Version "C"	[psi (bar)]	[rpm]
HFA	at nom. pressure p_N	n_{nom} 1350
	at max. pressure p_{max}	
HFB	at nom. pressure p_N	n_{nom} 1450
	at max. pressure p_{max}	
HFC	at nom. pressure p_N	n_{nom} 1450
	at max. pressure p_{max}	

Technical data, HFD hydraulic fluids

HFDR, HFDU	at nominal pressure p_N	4100 (280)	n_{nom}
polyalkylene glycol			
HFDU polyol ester	at nominal pressure p_N	4100 (280)	1800

Permissible radial and axial loading of the drive shaft

Size		NG	45	71	100	140	180
Maximum radial force at a/2		$F_q \text{ max}$	lb 337 (N) (1500)	427 (1900)	517 (2300)	630 (2800)	517 (2300)
Maximum axial force		$\pm F_{ax} \text{ max}$	lb 337 (N) (1500)	540 (2400)	900 (4000)	1080 (4800)	180 (800)

Notice

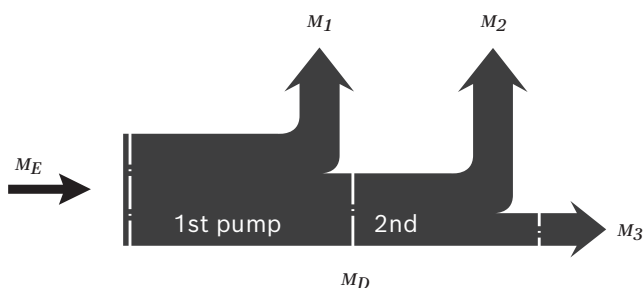
The values given are maximum values and do not apply to continuous operation. All loads of the drive shaft reduce the bearing service life!

For drives with radial loading (pinion, V-belt), please contact us.

Permissible inlet and through-drive torques

Size			45	71	100	140	180
Torque at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 4100 \text{ psi (280 bar)}^{1)}$	$M_{\max}$	lb-ft (Nm)	145 (200)	231 (316)	325 (446)	454 (624)	589 (802)
Max. input torque on drive shaft ²⁾	K	$M_{E \max}$	lb-ft 156 (Nm) (212)	319 (433)	553 (750)	875 (1186)	875 (1186)
		$\emptyset$	inch 1 (mm) (25)	1.25 (32)	1.50 (40)	1.77 (45)	1.77 (45)
	S	$M_{E \max}$	lb-ft 235 (Nm) (319)	462 (626)	814 (1104)	1195 (1620)	1353 (1834)
		$\emptyset$	inch 1 (mm) (25)	1 1/4 (32)	1 1/2 (40)	1 3/4 (45)	1 3/4 (45)
	R	$M_{E \max}$	lb-ft 295 (Nm) (400)	475 (644)	–	–	–
		$\emptyset$	inch 1 (mm) (25)	1 1/4 (32)	–	–	–
Maximum through-drive torque	K	$M_{D \max}$	lb-ft 156 (Nm) (212)	319 (433)	553 (750)	875 (1186)	875 (1186)
		$M_{D \max}$	lb-ft 235 (Nm) (319)	363 (492)	574 (778)	934 (1266)	934 (1266)
	R	$M_{D \max}$	lb-ft 269 (Nm) (365)	404 (548)	–	–	–
		$M_{D \max}$	lb-ft 269 (Nm) (365)	404 (548)	–	–	–

▼ Distribution of torques



Torque at 1st pump	M_1
Torque at 2nd pump	M_2
Torque at 3rd pump	M_3
Input torque	$M_E = M_1 + M_2 + M_3$
	$M_E < M_{E \max}$
Through-drive torque	$M_D = M_2 + M_3$
	$M_D < M_{D \max}$

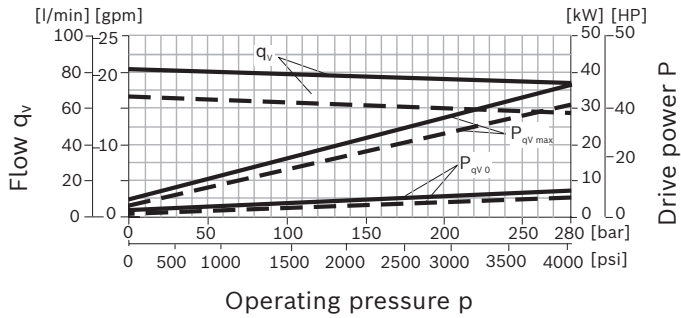
1) Efficiency not considered

2) For drive shafts with no radial force

Drive power and flow

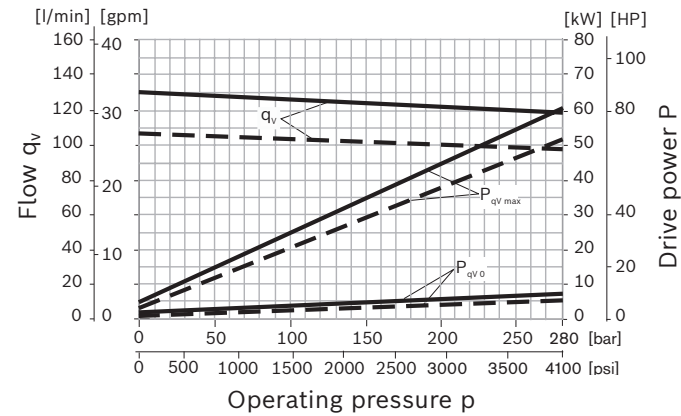
Size 45

- n = 1500 rpm
— n = 1800 rpm



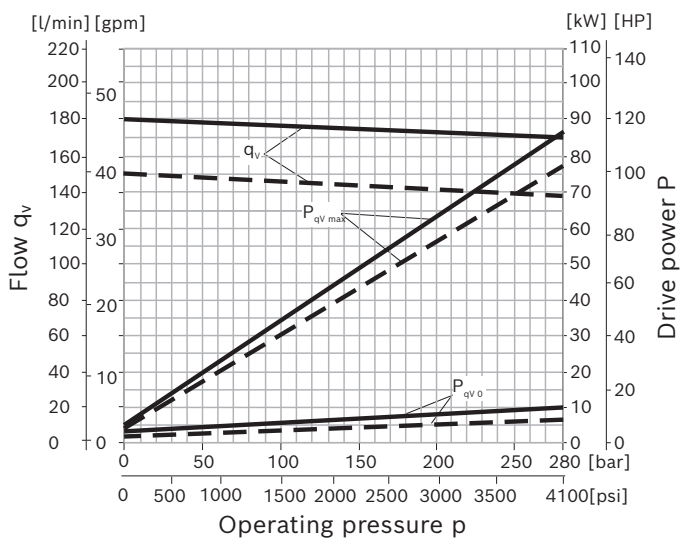
Size 71

- n = 1500 rpm
— n = 1800 rpm



Size 100

- n = 1500 rpm
— n = 1800 rpm

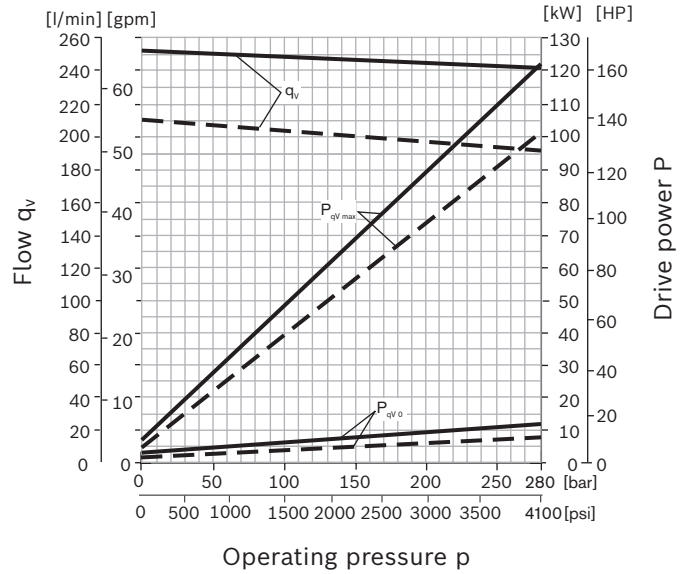


Notice

- Characteristic curves measured using ISO VG 46 DIN 51519 hydraulic fluid and $\vartheta = 122^\circ \text{F}$ (50°C).

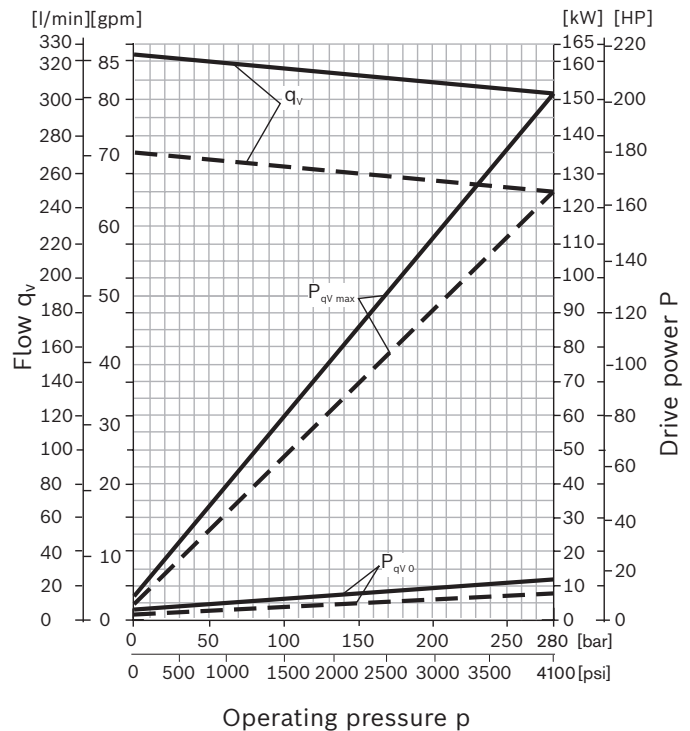
Size 140

- n = 1500 rpm
— n = 1800 rpm



Size 180

- n = 1500 rpm
— n = 1800 rpm



DG – Two-point control, directly operated

The variable pump can be set to a minimum swivel angle by connecting an external switching pressure to port **X**.

This will supply control fluid directly to the stroking piston; a minimum pressure of $p_{St} \geq 725$ psi (50 bar) is required.

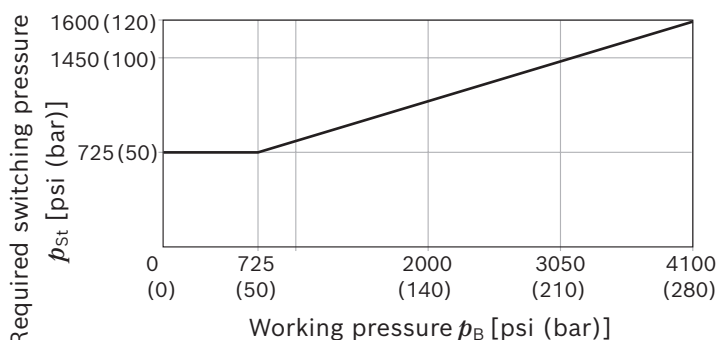
The variable pump can only be switched between $V_{g\ min}$ and $V_{g\ max}$.

Please note that the required switching pressure at port **X** is directly dependent on the actual operating pressure p_B at port **B**. (see switching pressure characteristic curve).

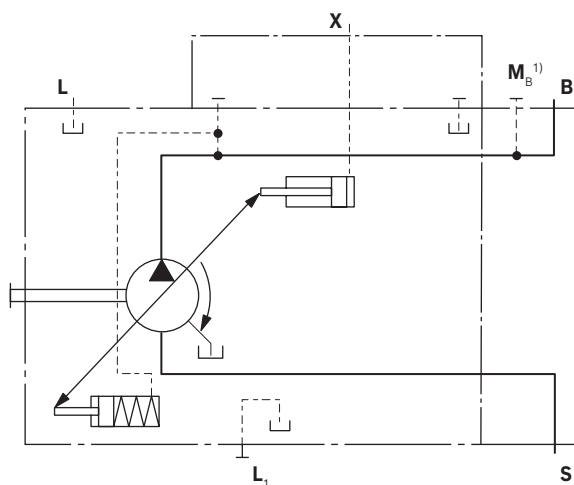
The maximum permissible switching pressure is 4100 psi (280 bar).

- ▶ Switching pressure p_{ST} in $X = 0$ psi (0 bar) $\triangleq V_{g\ max}$
- ▶ Switching pressure p_{ST} in $X \geq 725$ psi (50 bar) $\triangleq V_{g\ min}$

▼ Switching pressure characteristic curve



▼ Circuit diagram DG



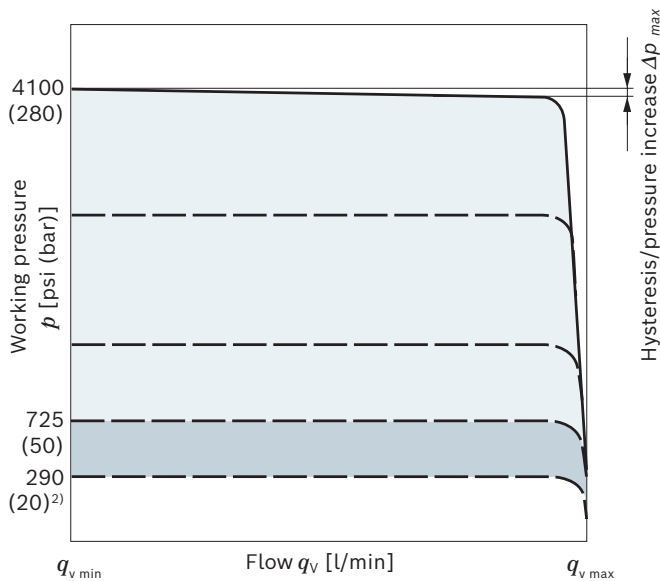
1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

DR – Pressure controller

The pressure controller limits the maximum pressure at the pump outlet within the control range of the variable pump. The variable pump only supplies as much hydraulic fluid as is required by the consumers. If the working pressure exceeds the pressure command value at the pressure valve, the pump will regulate to a smaller displacement to reduce the control differential.

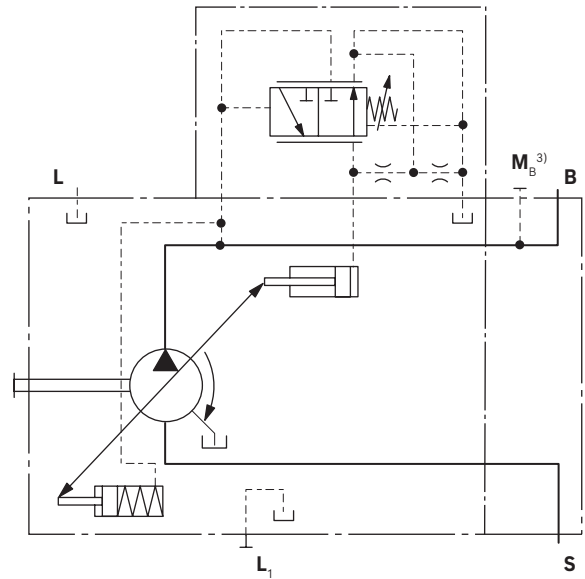
- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \max}$.
- ▶ Setting range¹⁾ for pressure control 725 to 4100 psi (50 to 280 bar).
Standard is 4100 psi (280 bar).

▼ Characteristic curve DR



Characteristic curve valid for $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $t_{\text{fluid}} = 122$ °F (50 °C).

▼ Circuit diagram DR



Controller data

NG	45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase, Δp [psi (bar)]	90 (6)	115 (8)	145 (10)	175 (12)	200 (14)
Hysteresis and repeatability	Δp [psi (bar)] maximum 45 (3)				
Pilot fluid consumption	gpm (l/min) maximum approx. 0.8 (3)				

Flow loss at $q_{v \max}$ see page 11.

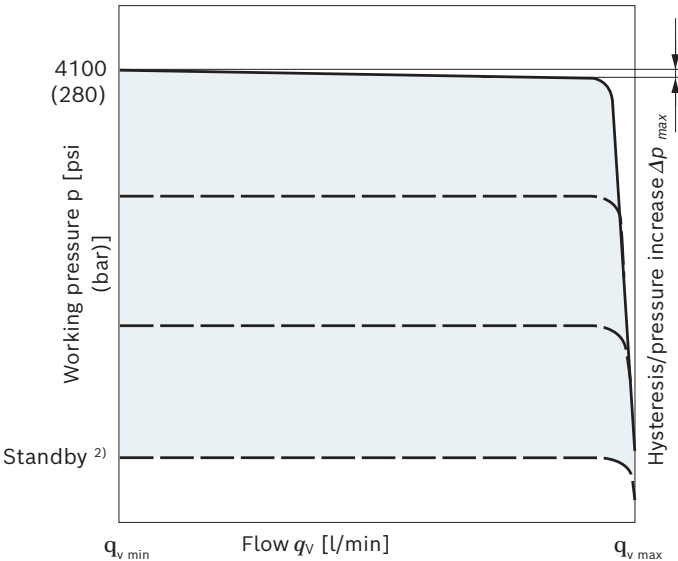
- ¹⁾ In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded.
The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.
- ²⁾ For settings below 725psi (50 bar), please use the SO275 special pressure controller (setting range: 290 to 1450 psi (20 to 100 bar)).
- ³⁾ Only with port plates 22 and 32

DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled

For the remote-controlled pressure controller, the pressure limitation is performed using a separately arranged pressure relief valve. Therefore, any pressure control value under the pressure set on the pressure controller can be regulated. Pressure controller DR see page 13. A pressure relief valve is externally piped up to port **X** for remote control. This relief valve is not included in the scope of delivery of the DRG control. A differential pressure of 290 psi (20 bar) Δp (standard setting) results in a pilot oil flow of approx. 0.4 gpm (1.5 l/min) at port **X**. If another setting is required (range from 145 to 320 psi (10 to 22 bar)) please state in plain text.

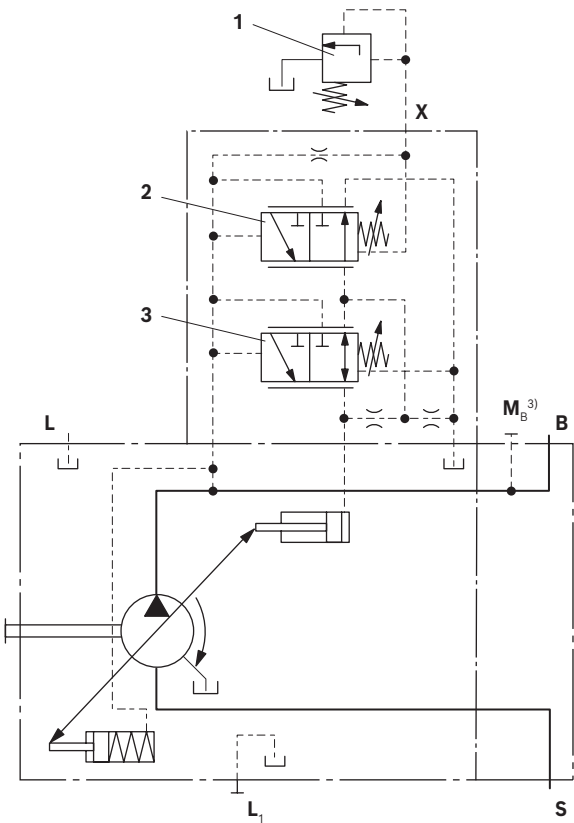
- As a separate pressure relief valve (**1**) we recommend:
- ▶ A direct operated, hydraulic or electric proportional one, suitable for the quantity of pilot fluid mentioned above.
The max. line length should not exceed 6.5 ft (2 m).
 - ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g\max}$.
 - ▶ Setting range¹⁾ for pressure control 725 to 4100 psi (50 to 280 bar) (**3**). Standard is 4100 psi (280 bar).
 - ▶ Setting range for differential pressure 145 to 320 psi (10 to 22 bar) (**2**). Standard is 290 psi (20 bar).
- Unloading port **X** to the reservoir results in a zero stroke pressure (standby) which is approx. 15 to 30 psi (1 to 2 bar) higher than the defined differential pressure Δp , however system influences are not taken into account.

▼ **Characteristic curve DRG**



Characteristic curve valid for $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $t_{\text{fluid}} = 122^\circ\text{F}$ (50 °C).

▼ **Circuit diagram DRG**



- 1 The separate pressure relief valve and the line are not included in the scope of delivery.
- 2 Remote controlled pressure cut-off (**G**)
- 3 Pressure controller (**DR**)

Controller data

NG	45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase, Δp [psi (bar)]	90 (6)	115 (8)	145 (10)	175 (12)	200 (14)
Hysteresis and Repeat accuracy	maximum 45 (3)				
Pilot fluid consumption	gpm (l/min) maximum approx. 1.22 (4.5)				

Flow loss at $q_{v\max}$ see page 11.

- 1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded.
The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.
- 2) Zero stroke from pressure setting Δp on controller (**2**)
- 3) Only with port plates 22 and 32

DRF/DRS – Pressure and flow controller

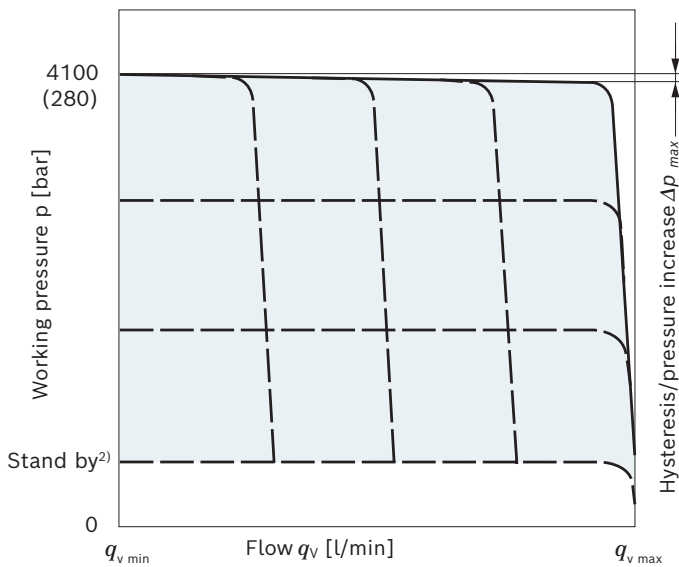
In addition to the pressure controller function (see page 13), an adjustable orifice (e.g. directional valve) is used to adjust the differential pressure upstream and downstream of the orifice. This is used to control the pump flow. The pump flow is equal to the actual hydraulic fluid quantity required by the consumer. With all controller combinations, the V_g reduction has priority.

- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \max}$.
- ▶ Setting range¹⁾ to 4100 psi (280 bar)
Standard is 4100 psi (280 bar).
- ▶ For pressure controller data, see page 13

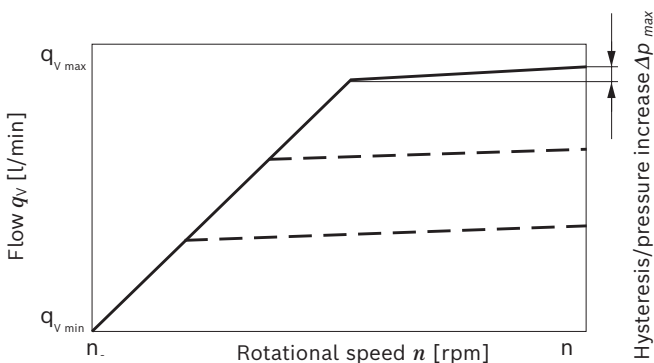
Notice

- ▶ The DRS version has no unloading between **X** and the reservoir. The LS must thus be unloaded in the system. Because of the flushing function of the flow controller in the DRS control valve, sufficient unloading of the **X** line must also be ensured.

▼ Characteristic curve DRF/DRS

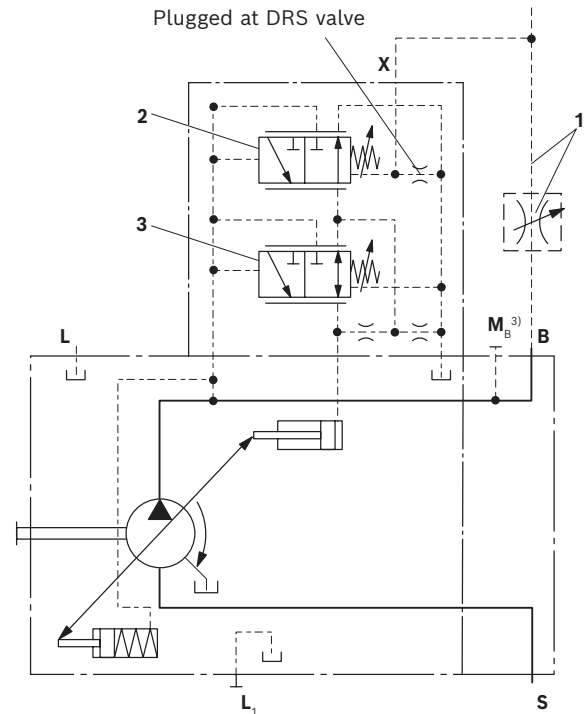


▼ Characteristic curve at variable rotational speed



Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and
 $t_{\text{fluid}} = 122$ °F (50 °C).

▼ Circuit diagram DRF



- 1 The metering orifice (control block) and the line are not included in the scope of delivery.
- 2 Flow controller (**FR**).
- 3 Pressure controller (**DR**)

For further information see page 16

- 1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded. The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.
- 2) Zero stroke pressure from pressure setting Δp on controller (**2**)
- 3) Only with port plates 22 and 32

Differential pressure Δp

- Standard setting: 200 psi (14 bar)

If another setting is required, please state in the plain text.

- Setting range: 200 psi to 320 psi (14 bar to 22 bar)

Unloading port **X** to the reservoir results in a zero stroke pressure (standby) which is approx. 15 to 30 psi (1 to 2 bar) higher than the defined differential pressure Δp , however system influences are not taken into account.

Controller data

DR pressure controller data see page 13

Maximum flow deviation measured at drive speed

$n = 1500$ rpm.

NG		45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase, maximum	Δp [psi (bar)]	90 (6)	115 (8)	145 (10)	175 (12)	200 (14)
Hysteresis and Repeat accuracy	Δp [psi (bar)]	maximum 45 (3)				
Pilot fluid consumption	gpm (l/min)	maximum approx. 1.22 (4.5)				
Flow deviation	Δq_{Vmax} [gpm (l/min)]	0.5 (1.8)	0.7 (2.8)	1.0 (4.0)	1.6 (6.0)	2.1 (8.0)

LA... – Pressure, flow and power controller

Pressure controller equipped as DR(G), see page 13 (14).

Equipment of the flow controller like DRS, see page 15.

In order to achieve a constant drive torque with varying working pressures, the swivel angle and with it the output flow from the axial piston pump is varied so that the product of flow and pressure remains constant. Flow control is possible below the power control curve. When

ordering please state the power characteristics to be set at the factory in plain text, e.g. 27 HP (20 kW) at 1500 rpm.

Controller data

For technical data of pressure controller DR see page 13.

For technical data of flow controller FR see page 15.

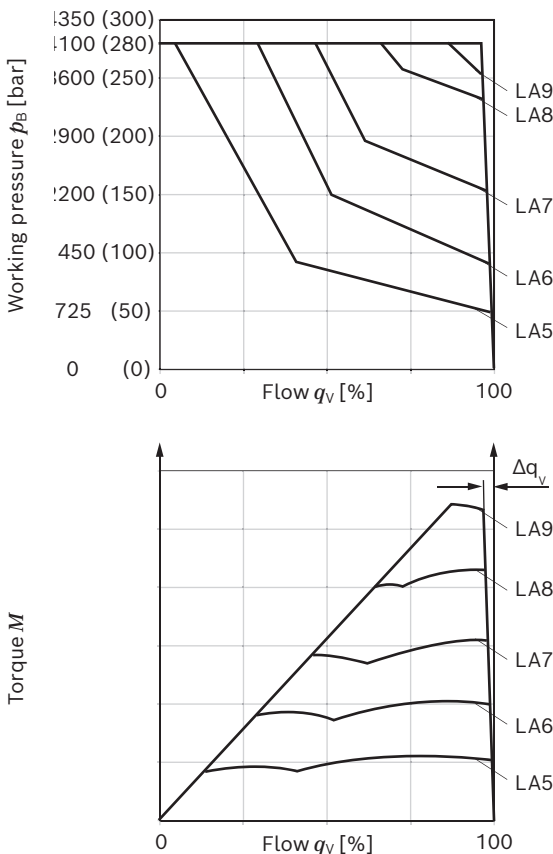
Pilot fluid consumption max. approx. 1.4 gpm (5.5 l/min).

Beginning of control [psi (bar)]	Torque M [Nm] for size					Type code
	45	71	100	140	180	
up to 725 (50)	up to 29 (42.0)	up to 47 (67.0)	up to 67 (94.0)	up to 95 (132.0)	up to 121 (167.0)	LA5
726 to 1300 (51 to 90)	29.1 - 54 (42.1 - 76.0)	47.1 - 87 (67.1 - 121.0)	67.1 - 122 (94.1 - 169.0)	95.1 - 172 (132.1 - 237.0)	121.1 - 220 (167.1 - 302.0)	LA6
1301 to 2350 (91 to 160)	54.1 - 96 (76.1 - 134.0)	87.1 - 155 (121.1 - 213.0)	122.1 - 218 (169.1 - 299.0)	172.1 - 306 (237.1 - 418.0)	220.1 - 396 (302.1 - 540.0)	LA7
2351 to 3500 (161 to 240)	96.1 - 147 (134.1 - 202.0)	155.1 - 233 (213.1 - 319.0)	218.1 - 329 (299.1 - 449.0)	306.1 - 461 (418.1 - 629.0)	396.1 - 595 (540.1 - 810.0)	LA8
over 3500 (240)	over 147.1 (202.1)	over 233.1 (319.1)	over 329.1 (449.1)	over 461.1 (629.1)	over 595.1 (810.1)	LA9

Conversion of the torque values in power [HP (kW)]

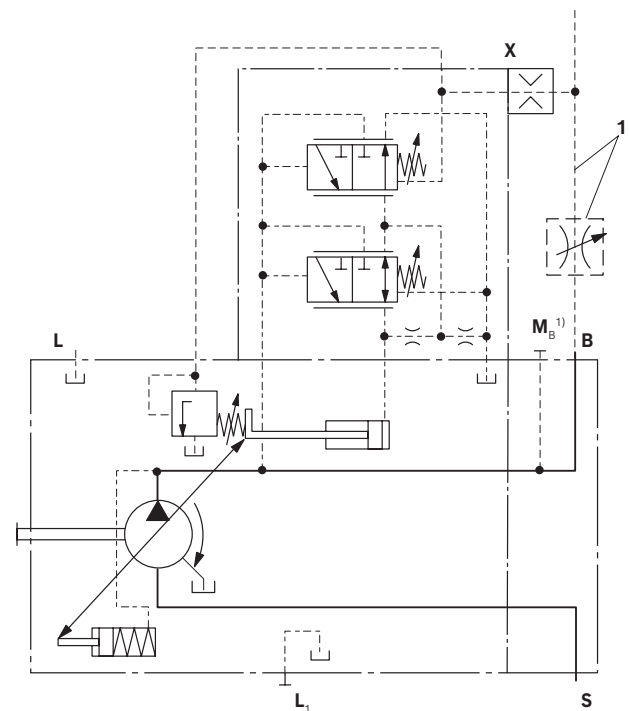
$$P = \frac{M}{3.5 (6.4)} \text{ [HP (kW)] (at 1500 rpm)} \quad \text{or} \quad P = \frac{2\pi \times M \times n}{33000 (60000)} \text{ [HP (kW)] (For rotational speeds see table on page 8)}$$

▼ Characteristic curve LA.DS



▼ Circuit diagram LA.DS

((for further combination options with LA.. see page 18))

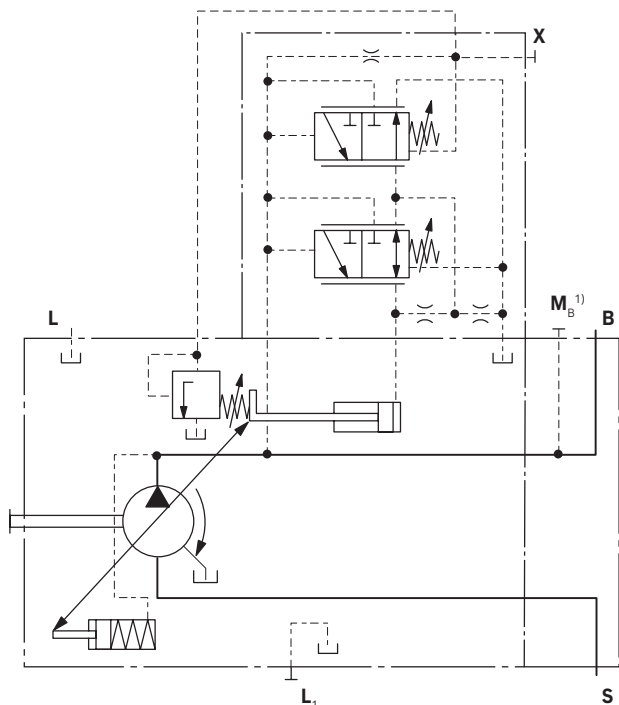


1 Metering orifice is not included in the scope of delivery.

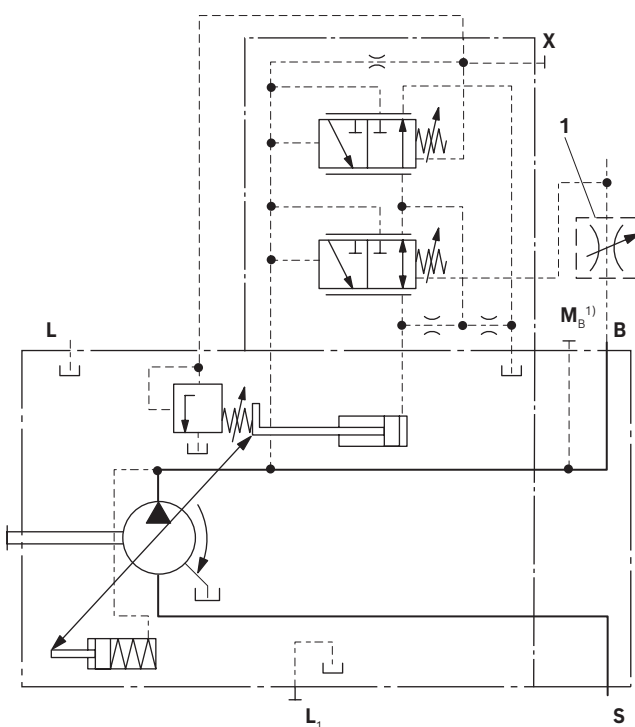
1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

LA... – Variations

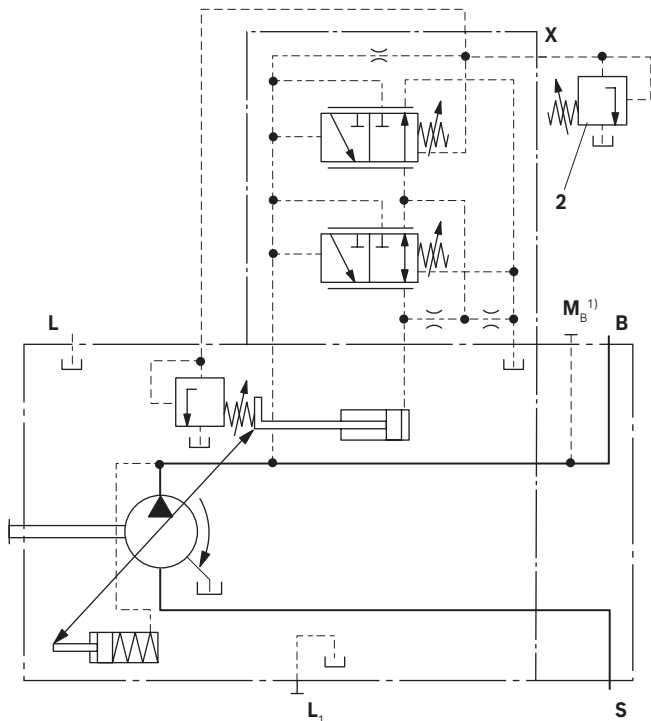
▼ Circuit diagram LA.D with pressure cut-off



▼ Circuit diagram LA.S with separate flow control



▼ Circuit diagram LA.DG with pressure cut-off, remotely controlled



1 The metering orifice is not included in the scope of delivery.

2 The pressure relief valve is not included in the scope of delivery.

1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

ED – Electrohydraulic pressure control

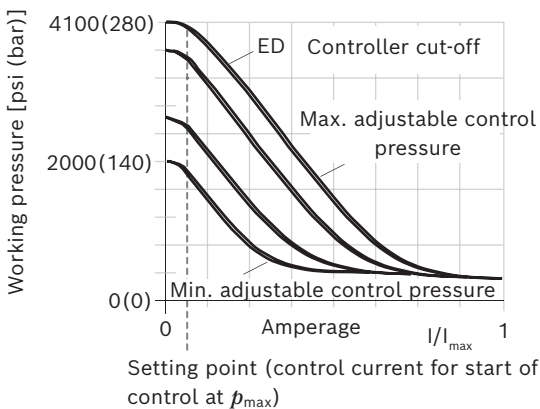
The ED valve is set to a certain pressure by a specified variable solenoid current.

When changing the consumer (load pressure), this causes an increase or decrease in the pump swivel angle (flow) in order to maintain the electrically set pressure level. The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the actuators can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current.

As the solenoid current signal drops towards zero, the pressure will be limited to $p_{\max}$ by an adjustable hydraulic pressure cut-off (secure fail safe function in case of power failure, e.g. for fan speed control). The swivel time characteristic of the ED control was optimized for the use as a fan drive system.

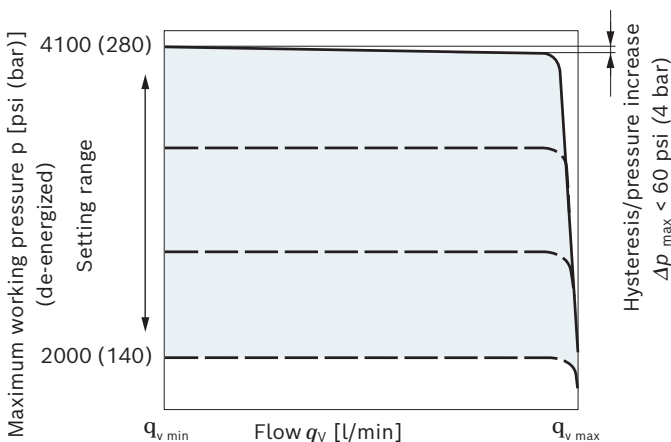
When ordering, specify the type of application in plain text.

▼ Current/pressure characteristic curve ED (negative characteristic curve)



Hysteresis static current-pressure characteristic curve < 45 psi (3 bar).

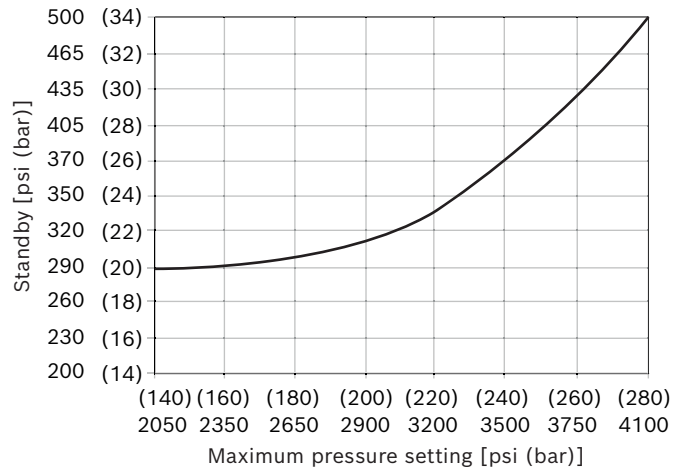
▼ Flow-pressure characteristic curve



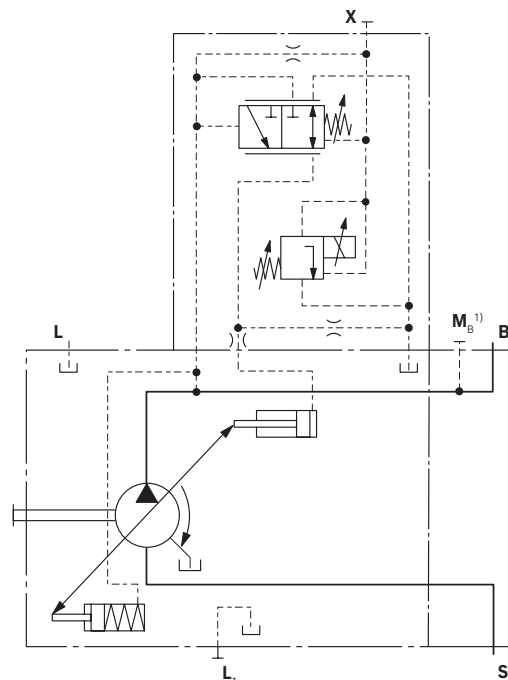
Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $t_{\text{fluid}} = 122$ °F (50°C).

- ▶ Pilot fluid consumption:
0.79 to 1.19 gpm (3 to 4.5 l/min).
- ▶ For standby standard setting, see the following diagram; other values on request.

▼ Influence of the pressure setting on standby (maximum energization)



▼ Circuit diagram ED72



1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

Technical data, solenoids	ED72
Voltage	24 V (±20%)
Control current	
Start of control at $p_{\max}$	50 mA
Start of control at $p_{\min}$	600 mA
Current limit	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz
Recommended amplitude Peak to peak	120 mA
Duty cycle	100%
Type of protection: see connector version page 47	
Operating temperature range at valve -4 °F to +311 °F (-20 °C to +115 °C)	

Notice!

With **ED72**, de-energized operating condition (jump from 50 to 0 mA) results in a pressure increase of the maximum pressure of 60 to 75 psi (4 to 5 bar).

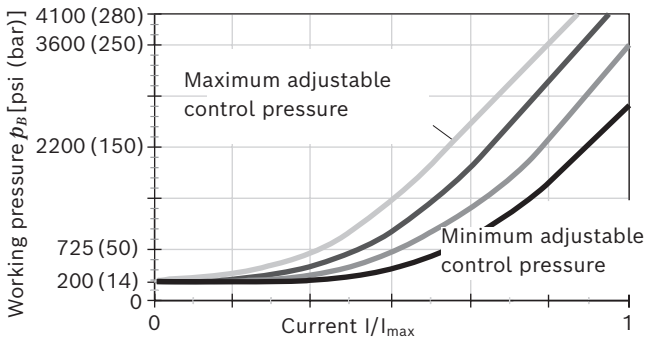
ER – Electrohydraulic pressure control

The ER valve is set to a certain pressure by a specified variable solenoid current.

In the case of changes to the actuator (load pressure), the pump swivel angle (flow) increases or decreases until the electrically specified set pressure has been reached again. The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the consumers can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current.

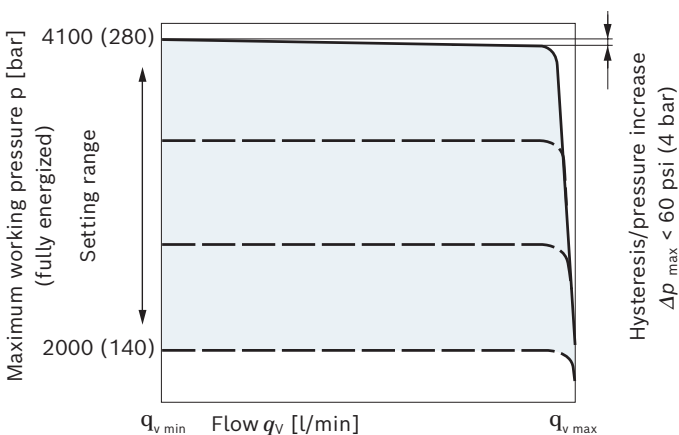
If the solenoid current drops towards zero, the pressure will be limited to $p_{\min}$ (standby) by an adjustable hydraulic pressure cut off. Observe project planning note.

▼ Current/pressure characteristic curve ED (positive characteristic curve)



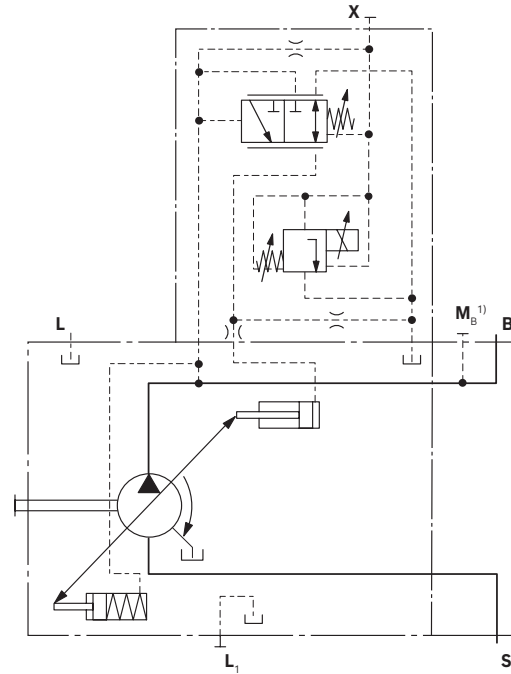
Hysteresis static current-pressure characteristic curve < 45 psi (3 bar).
Influence of pressure setting on standby ± 30 psi (2 bar).

▼ Flow-pressure characteristic curve



Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $t_{\text{fluid}} = 122$ °F (50 °C).
Pilot fluid consumption: 0.79 to 1.19 gpm (3 to 4.5 l/min).
Standby standard 200 psi (14 bar). Other values on request.

▼ Circuit diagram ER72



Technical data, solenoids	ER72
Voltage	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current	
Start of control at $p_{\min}$	50 mA
End of control at $p_{\max}$	600 mA
Current limit	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz
Recommended amplitude Peak to peak	120 mA
Duty cycle	100%
Type of protection: see connector version page 47	

Operating temperature range at valve -4°F to +311 °F
(-20 °C to +115 °C)

Project planning note!

Over-current ($I > 600$ mA at 24 V) to the ER solenoid can result in pressure increases leading to pump or system damage. Therefore:

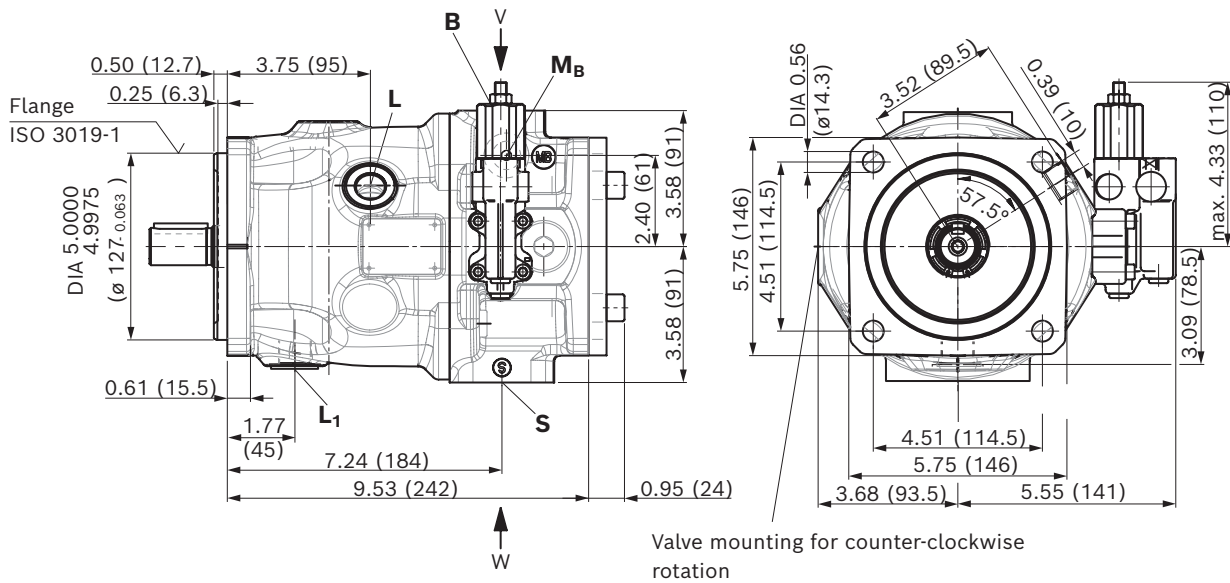
- Use $I_{\max}$ current limiter solenoids.
- An intermediate plate pressure controller can be used to protect the pump in the event of overflow.

An accessory kit with intermediate plate pressure controller can be ordered from Bosch Rexroth under part number R902490825.

1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

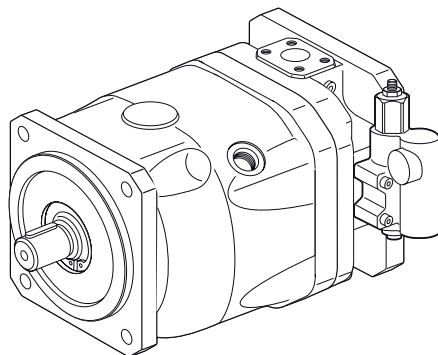
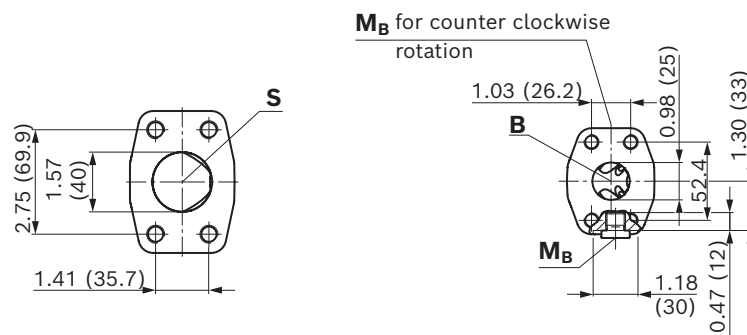
Dimensions, size 45

DR – Pressure controller with port plate 72/82

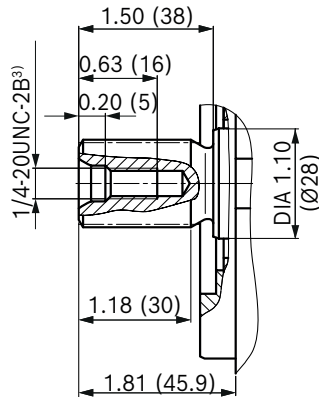


Detail W

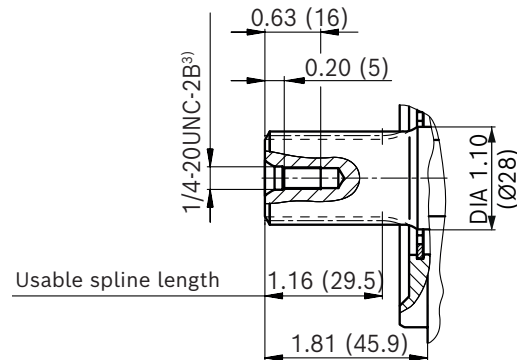
Detail V



▼ Splined shaft 1 in (25-4, ISO 3019-1)

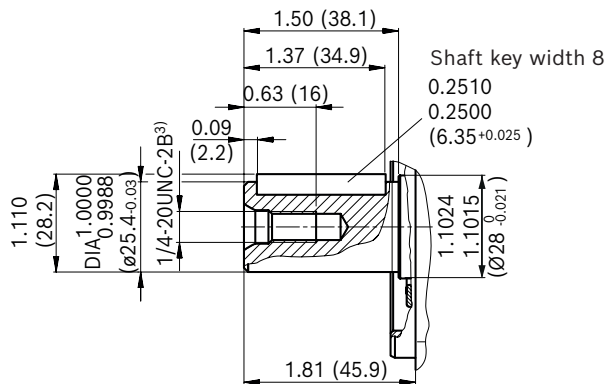
S – 15T 16/32DP¹⁾

▼ Splined shaft 1 in (similar to ISO 3019-1)

R – 15T 16/32DP¹⁾²⁾

▼ Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1

K – 25-1



Ports		Standard	Size	$p_{\max}$ [psi (bar)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	1 in 3/8-16 UNC-2B, 0.71 (18) deep	5100 (350)	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	1 1/2 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.87 (22) deep	145 (10)	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	30 (2)	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	30 (2)	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	O
X	Pilot pressure (with DG-control)	DIN 3852-2	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	4100 (280)	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

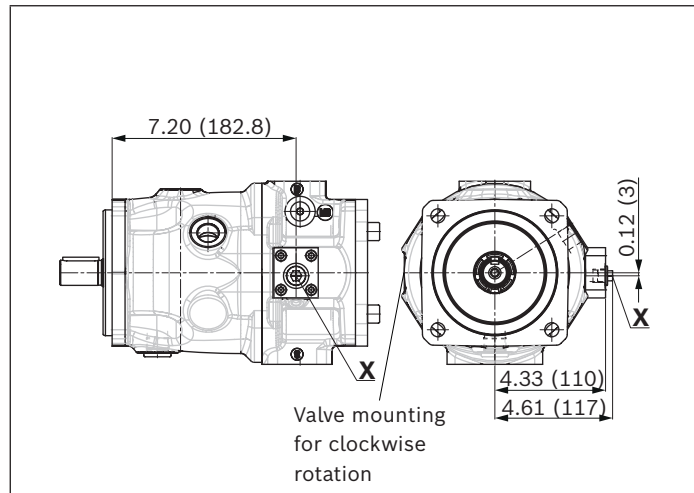
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, L or L₁ must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 48).

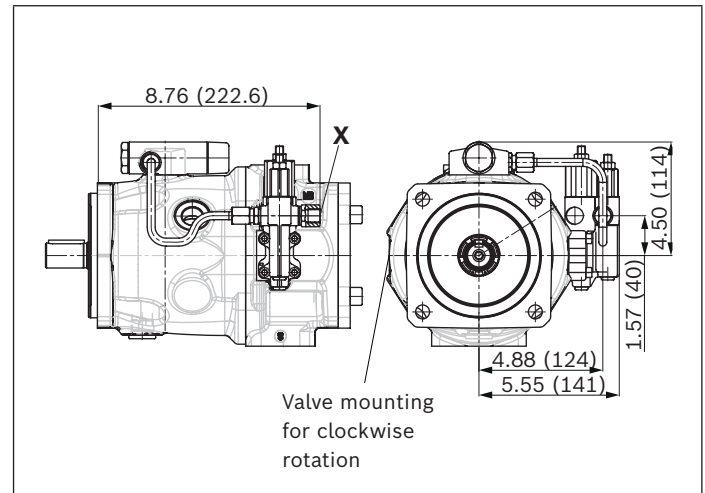
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

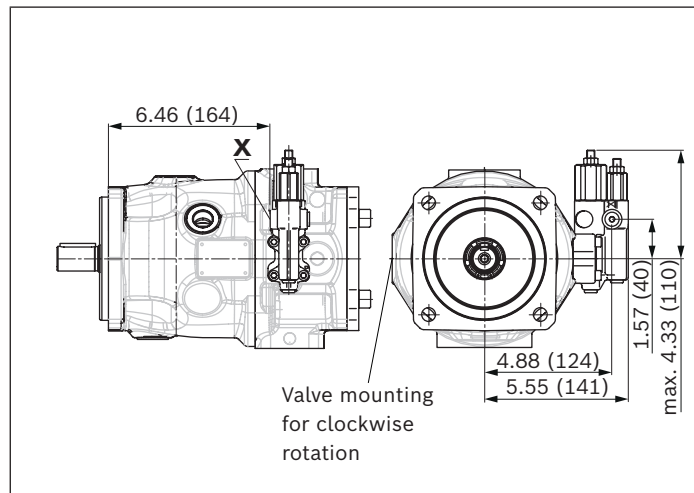
▼ **DG - Two-point control, direct operated**



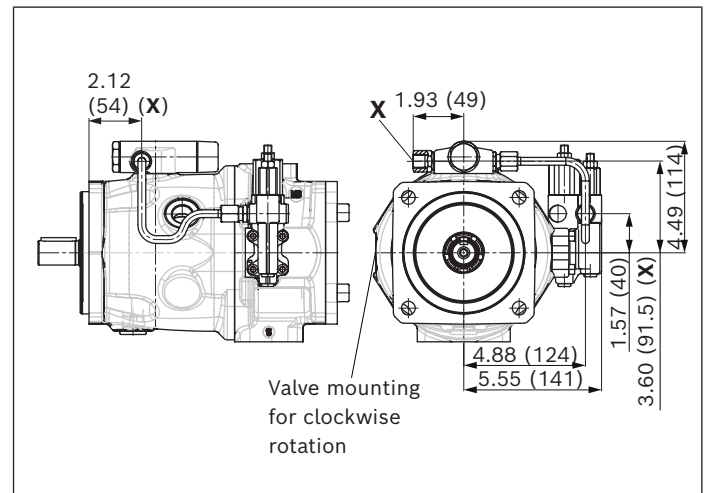
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller**



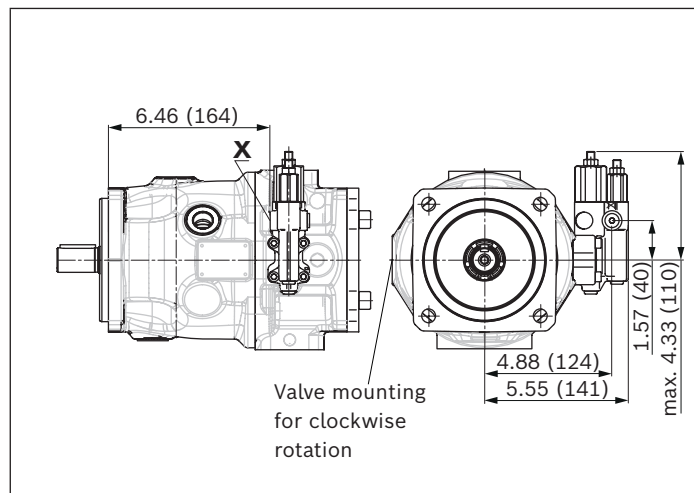
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



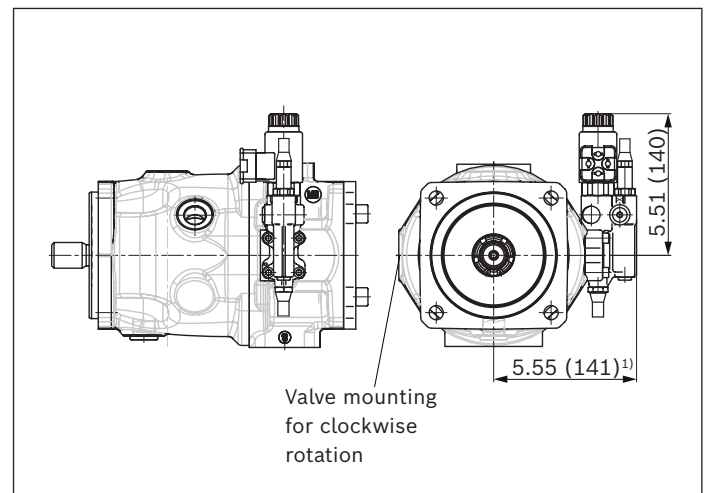
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled**



▼ **DRF/DRS - Pressure, flow controller**

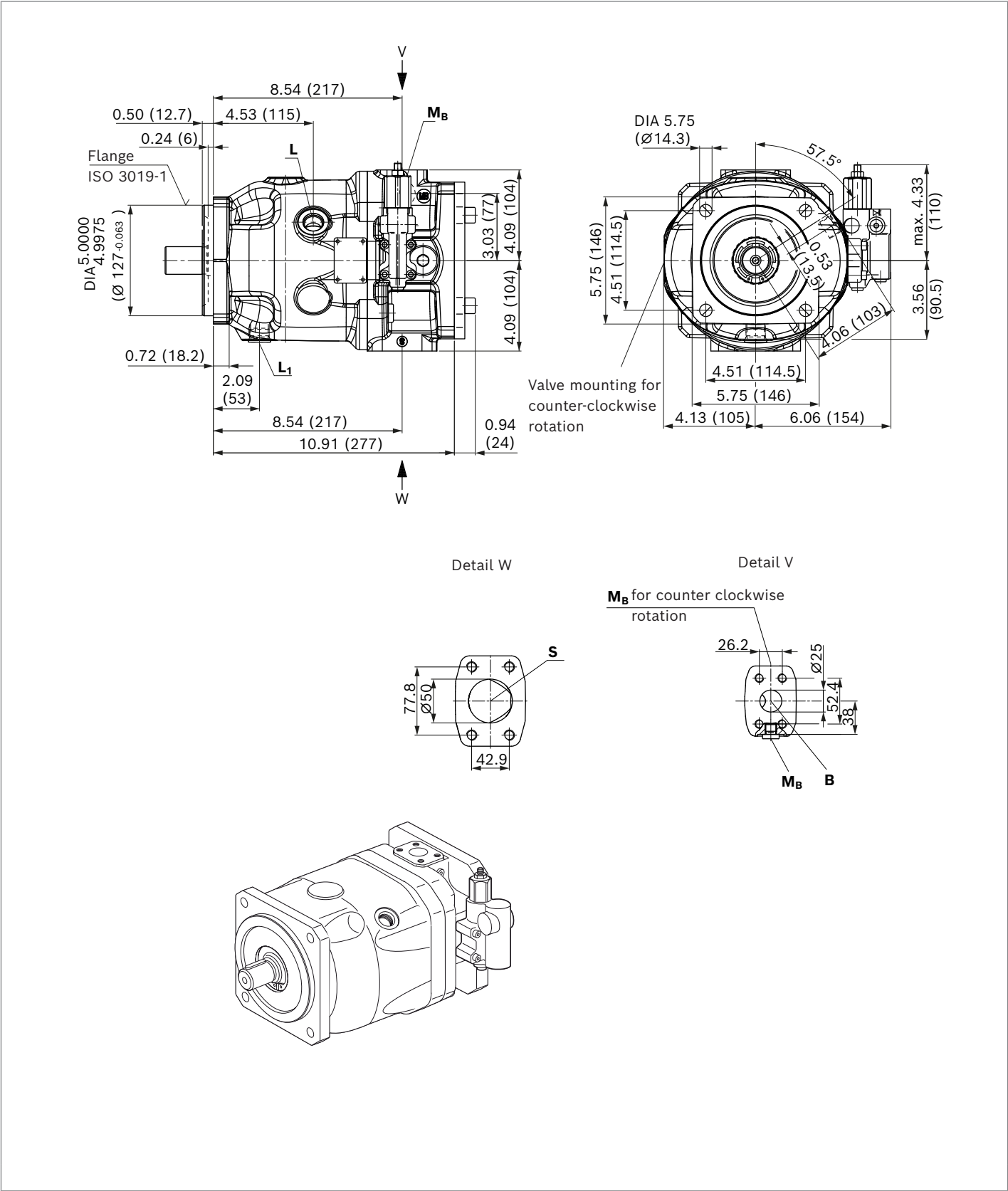


▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric**

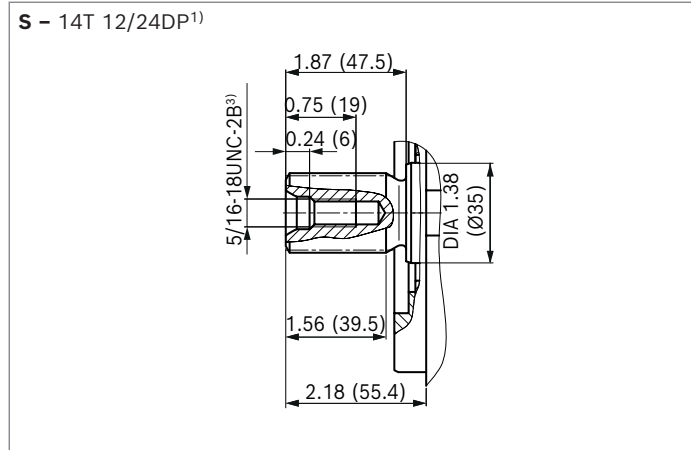


Dimensions, size 71

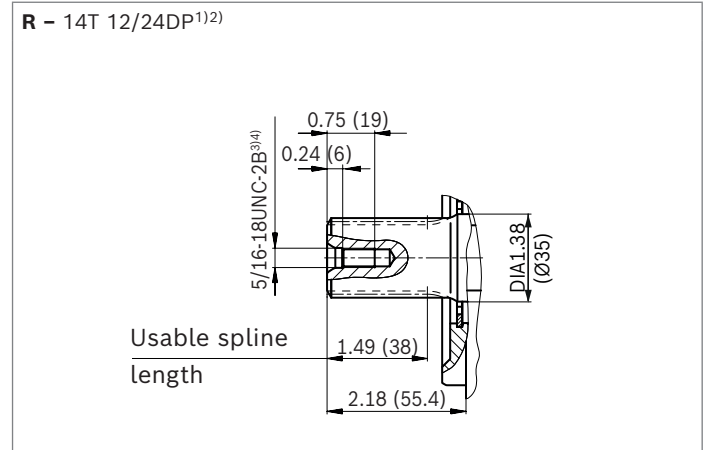
DR – Pressure controller with port plate 72/82



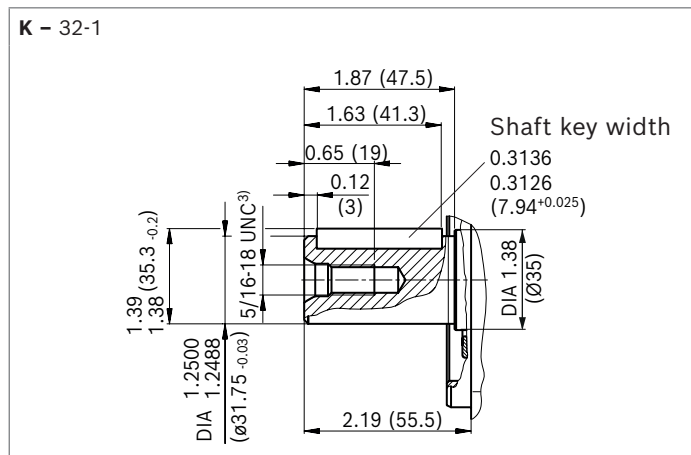
▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in (32-4, ISO 3019-1)**



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in (similar to ISO 3019-1)**



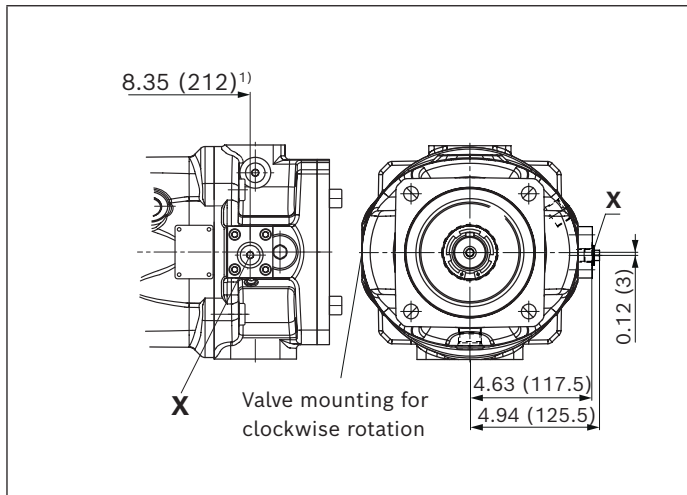
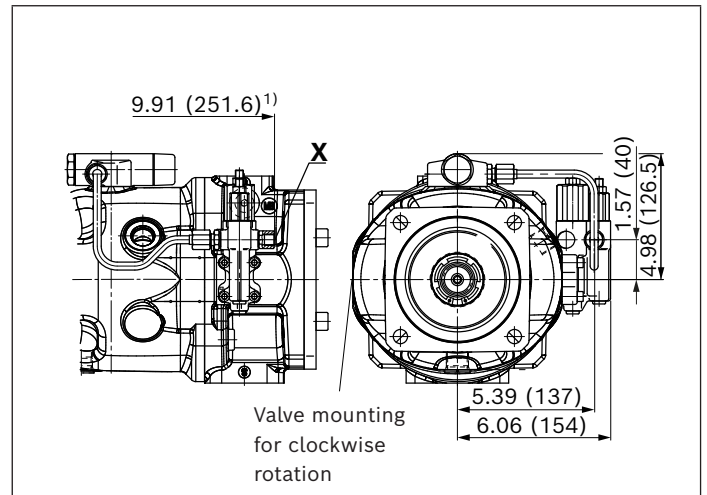
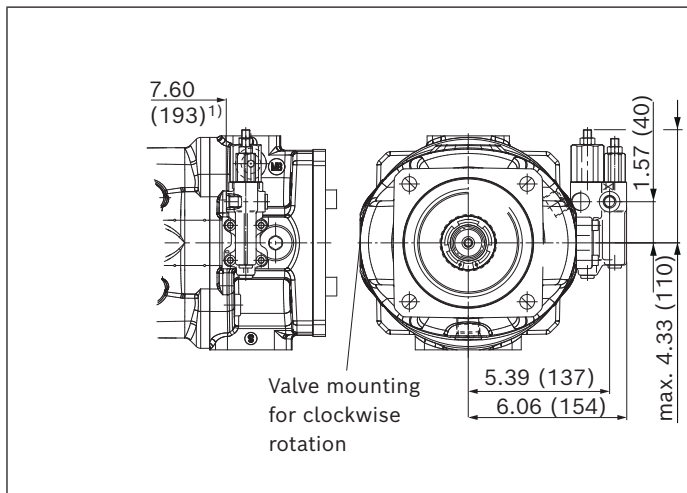
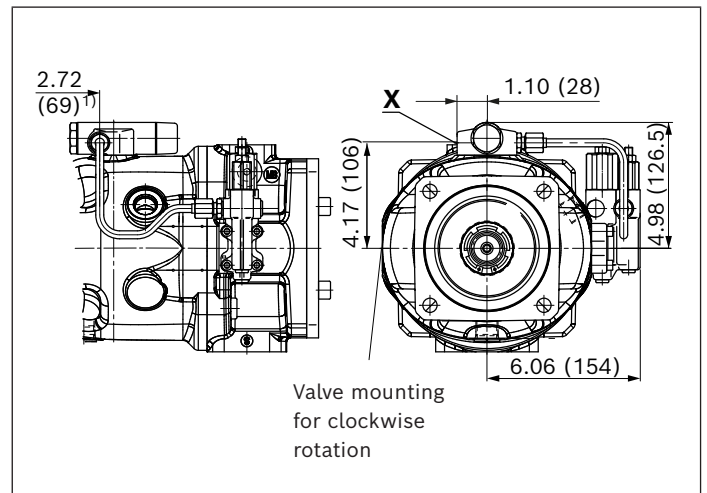
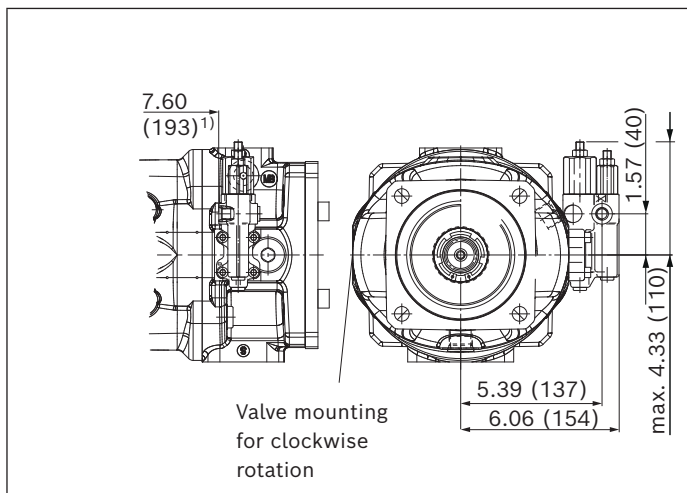
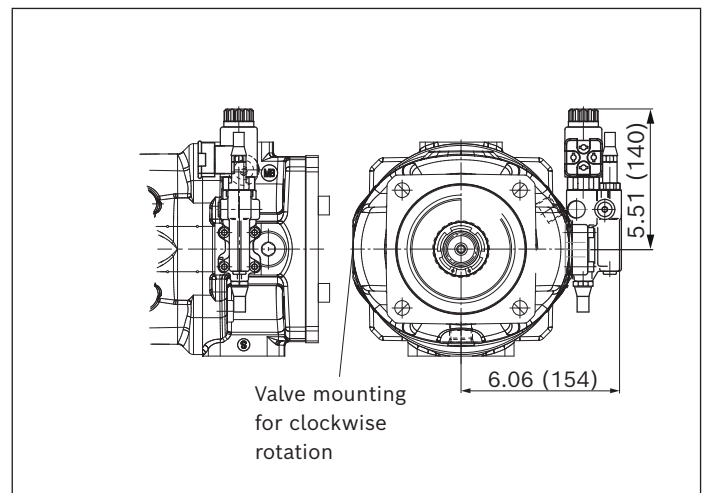
▼ **Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1**



Ports		Standard	Size	$p_{\max}$ [psi (bar)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	1 in 3/8-16 UNC-2B; 0.71 (18) deep	5100 (350)	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	2 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	145 (10)	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	30 (2)	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	30 (2)	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2A; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	O
X	Pilot pressure (with DG-control)	DIN 3852-2	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	4100 (280)	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	X

- 1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.
- 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
- 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

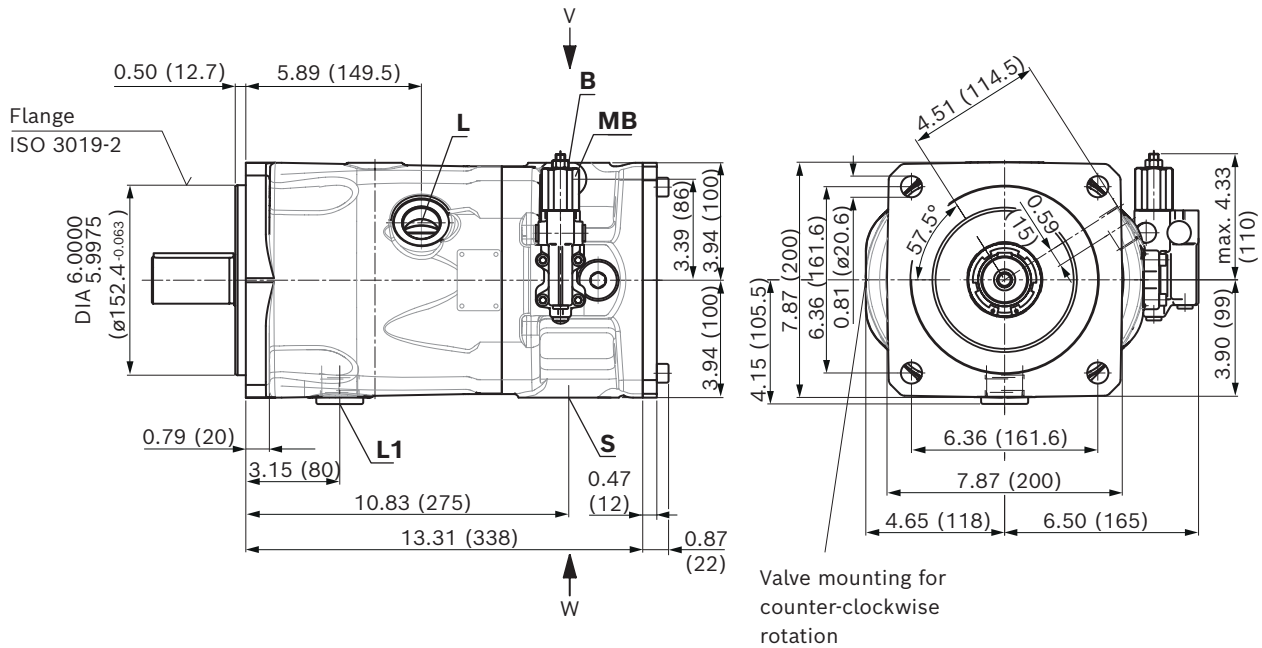
- 5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
- 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 48).
- 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

▼ **DG – Two-point control, direct operated**▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller**▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled**▼ **LA.DG – Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled**▼ **DRF/DRS – Pressure, flow controller**▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric**

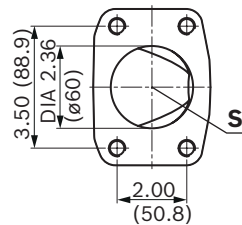
1) Bis Anbauflansch

Dimensions, size 100

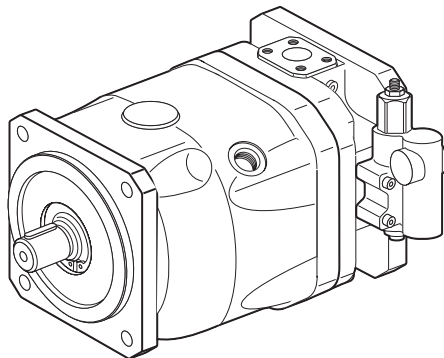
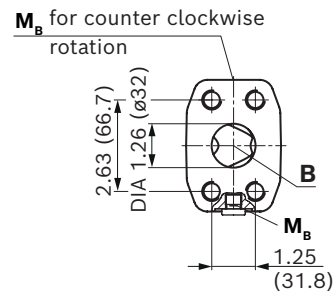
DR – Pressure controller with port plate 72/82



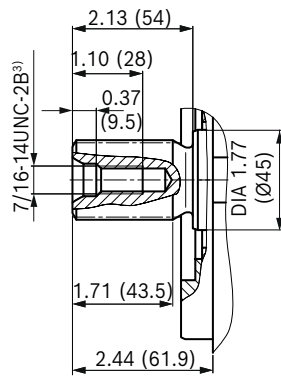
Detail W



Detail V

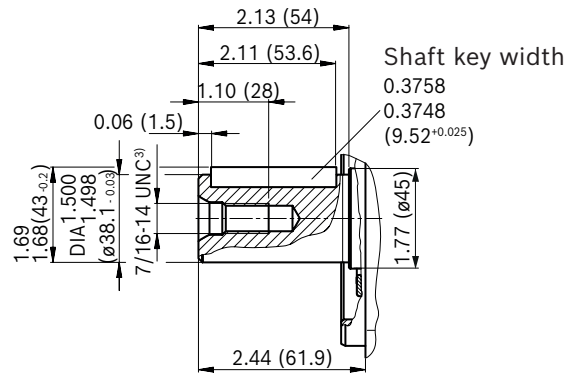


▼ Splined shaft 1 1/2 in (38-4, ISO 3019-1)

S - 17T 12/24DP¹⁾

▼ Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1

K - 38-1



Ports		Standard	Size	p_{max} [psi (bar)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series)	ISO 6162-2	1 1/4 in	5100 (350)	O
	Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.75 (19) deep		
S	Suction port (standard pressure series)	ISO 6162-1	2 1/2 in	145 (10)	O
	Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.94 (24) deep		
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2)	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2)	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2A; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	O
X	Pilot pressure (with DG-control)	DIN 3852-2	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	4100 (280)	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.

Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

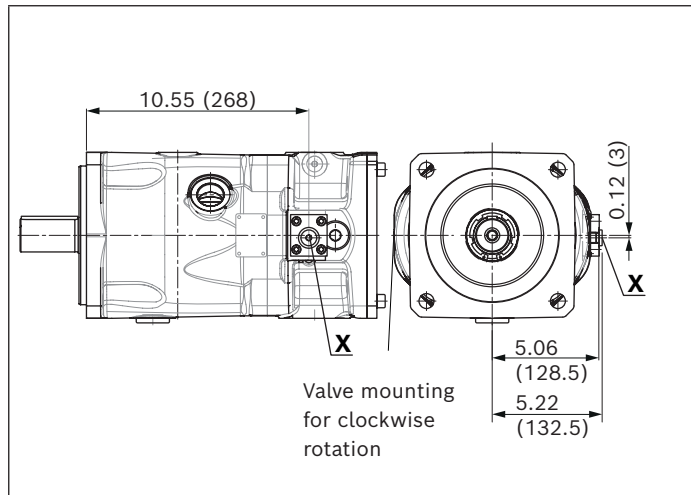
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 48).

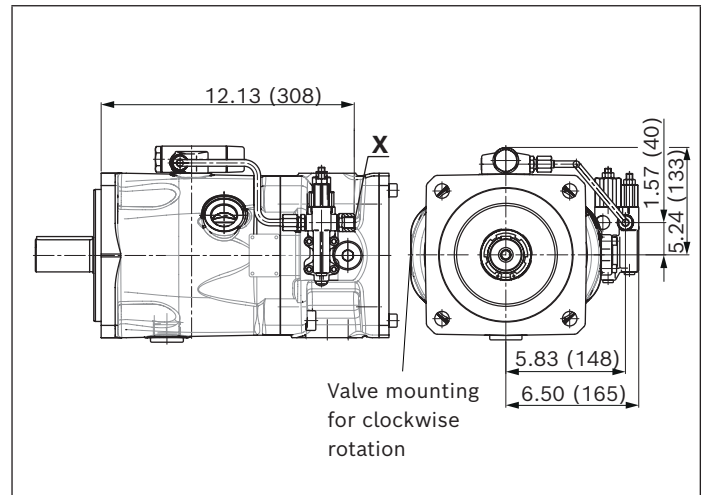
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

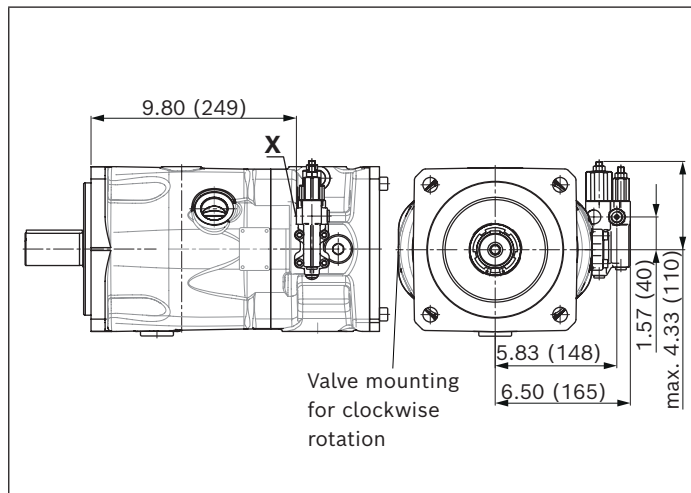
▼ **DG - Two-point control, direct operated**



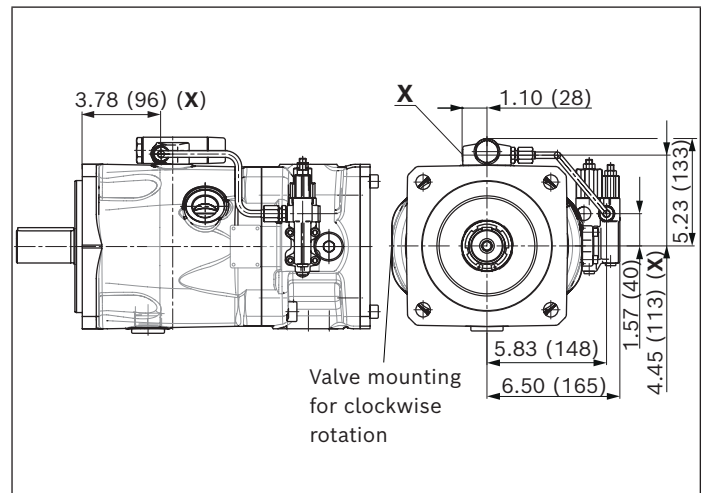
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller**



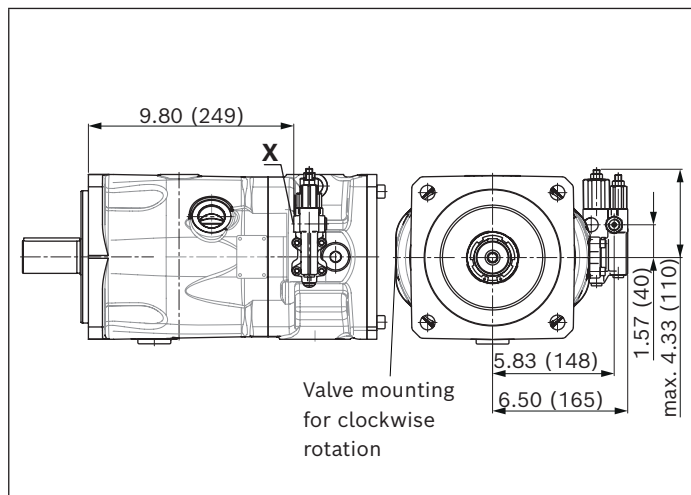
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



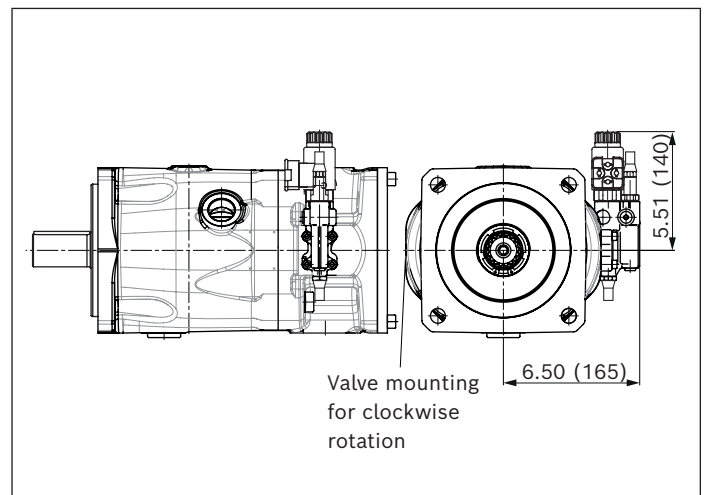
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled**



▼ **DRF/DRS - Pressure, flow controller**

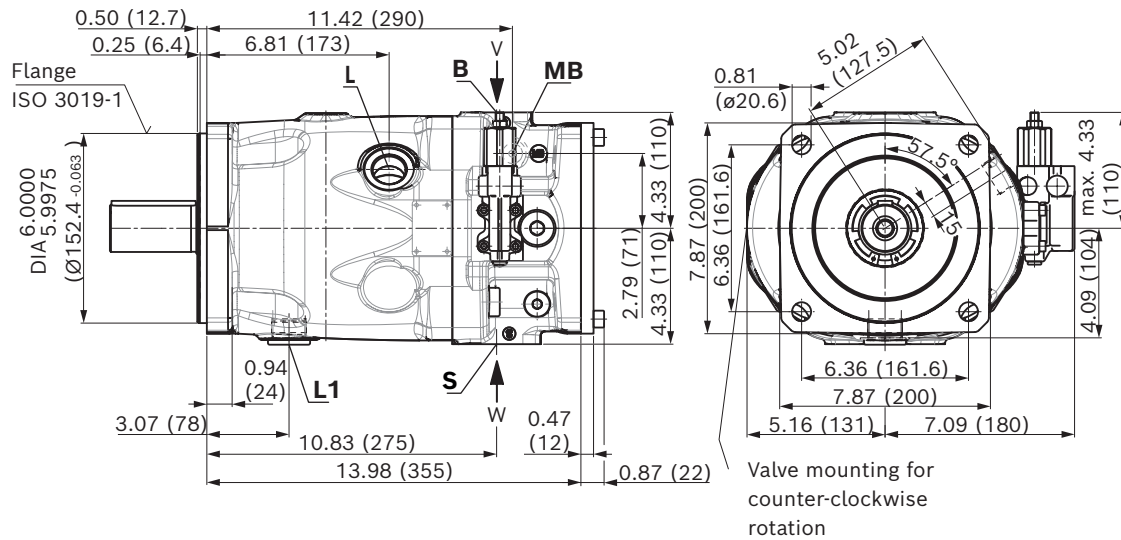


▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric**



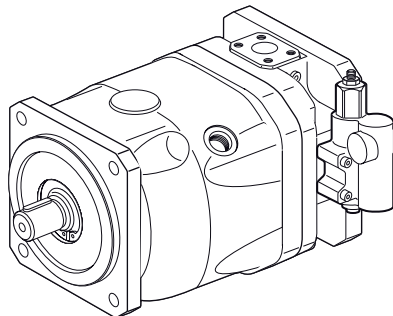
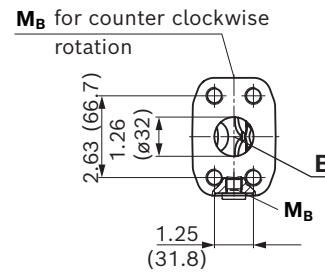
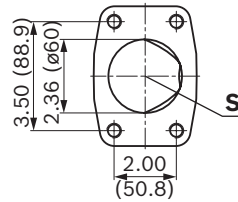
Dimensions, size 140

DR – Pressure controller, with port plate 72/82



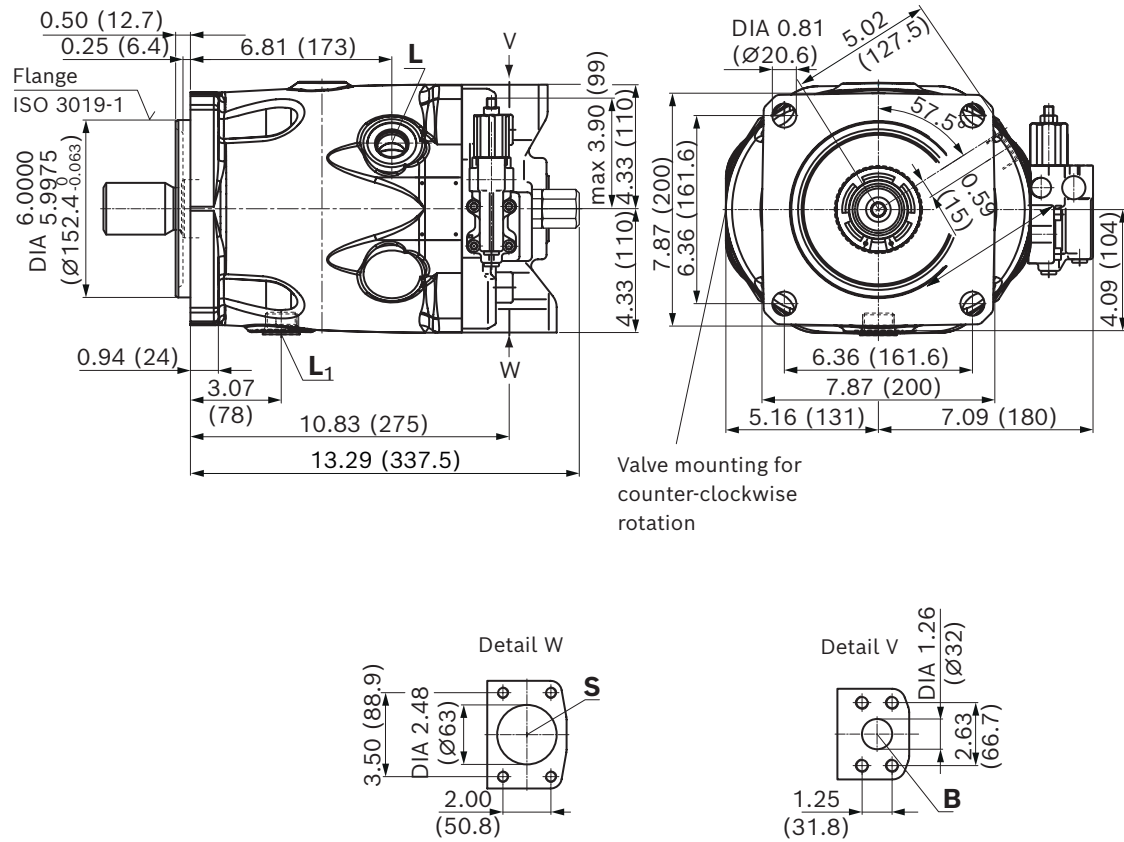
Detail W

Detail V

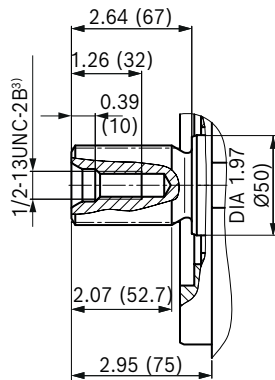


Dimensions, size 140

DR – Pressure controller, with port plate 62

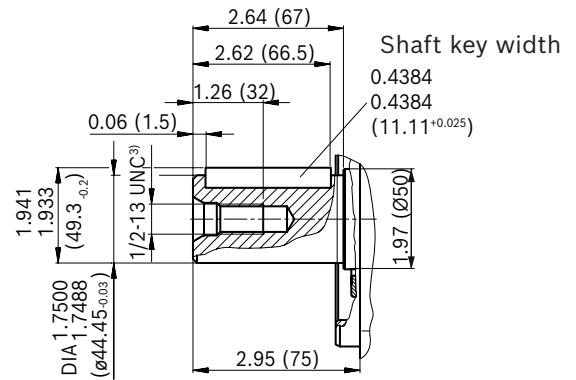


▼ Splined shaft 1 3/4 in (44-4, ISO 3019-1)

S – 13T 8/16DP¹⁾

▼ Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1

K – 44-1



Ports		Standard	Size	$p_{\max}$ [psi (bar)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.75 (19) deep	5100 (350)	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	2 1/2 in 1/2-13UNC-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	145 (10)	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2)	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2)	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	O
X	Pilot pressure (with DG-control)	DIN 3852-2	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	4100 (280)	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B ⁸⁾	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350)	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

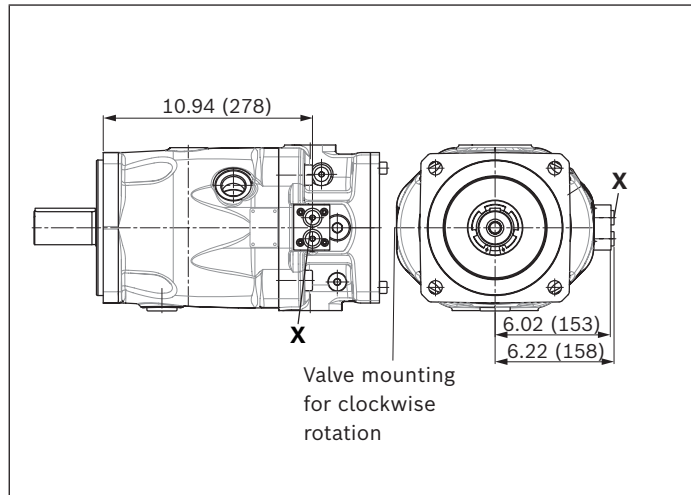
6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 48).

7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)

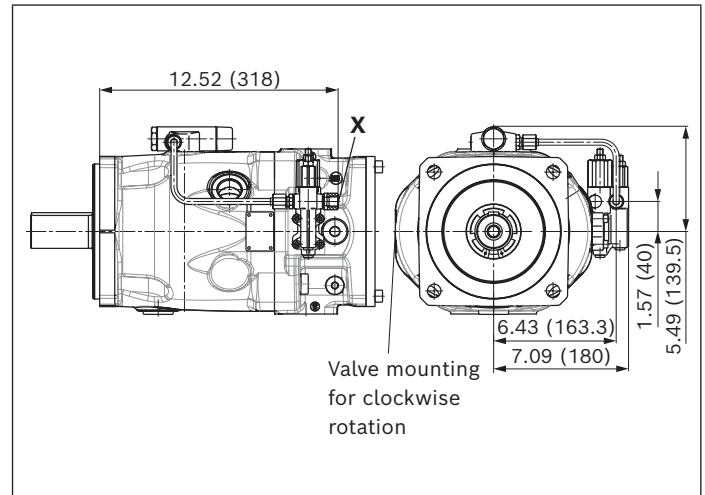
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

8) Only for port plate 22 and 32.

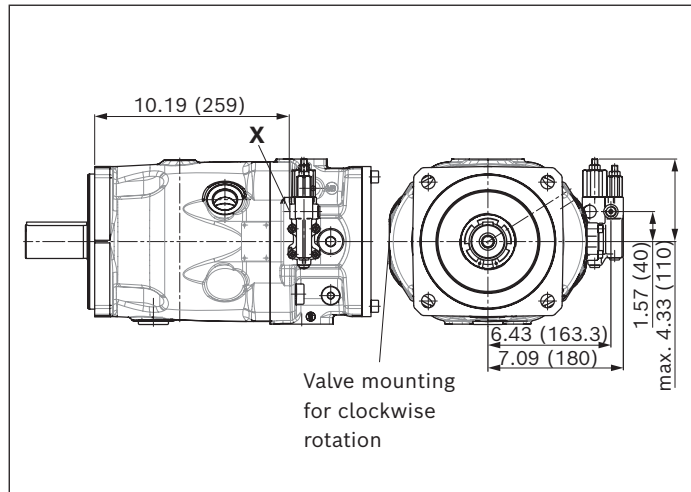
▼ **DG – Two-point control, direct operated, port plate 72/82**



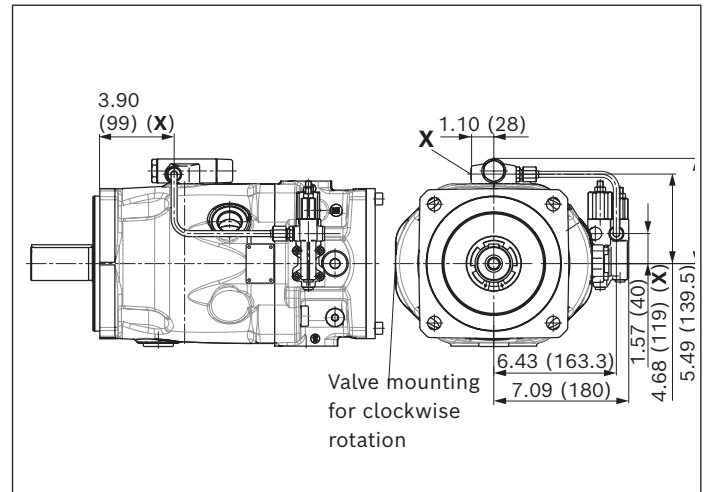
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller, port plate 72/82**



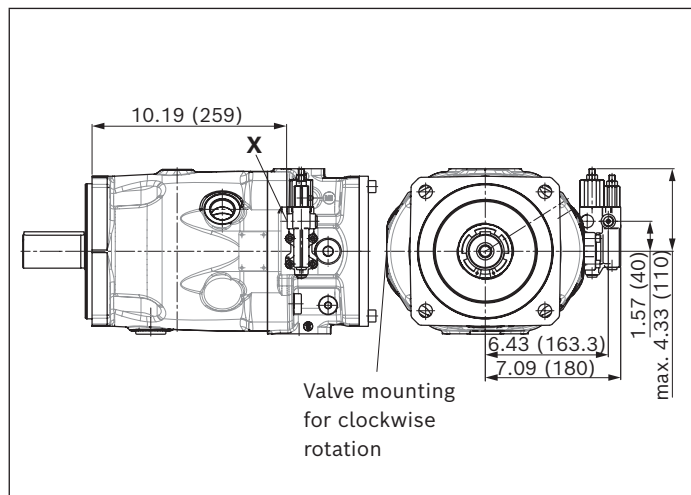
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remote controlled, port plate 72/82**



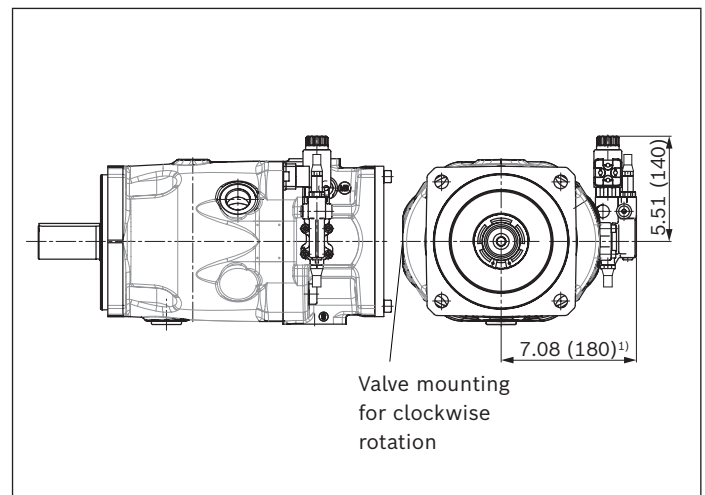
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled, port plate 72/82**



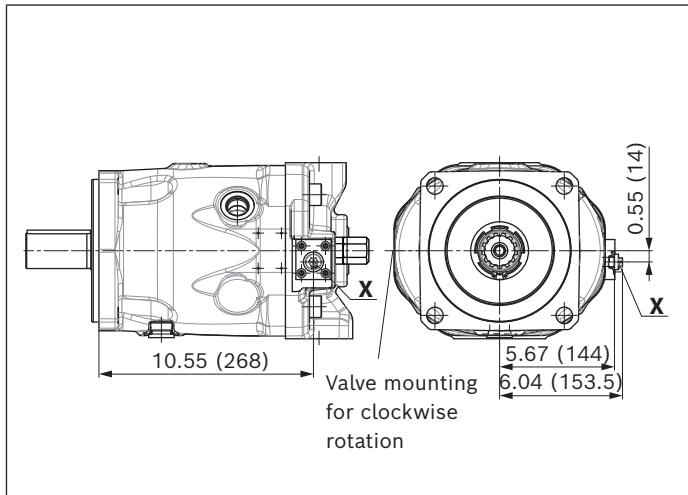
▼ **DRF/DRS – Pressure, flow controller, port plate 72/82**



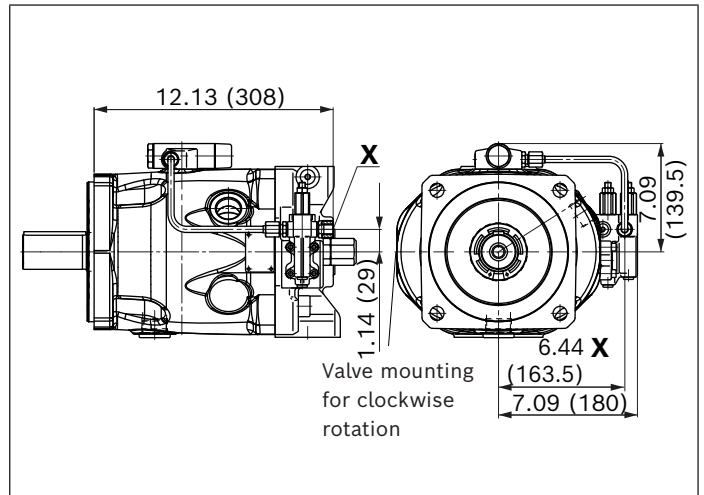
▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric, port plate 72/82**



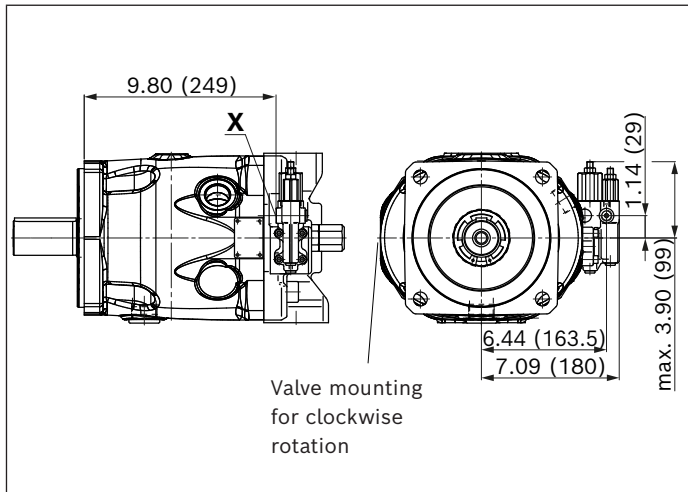
▼ **DG – Two-point control, direct operated, Port plate 62**



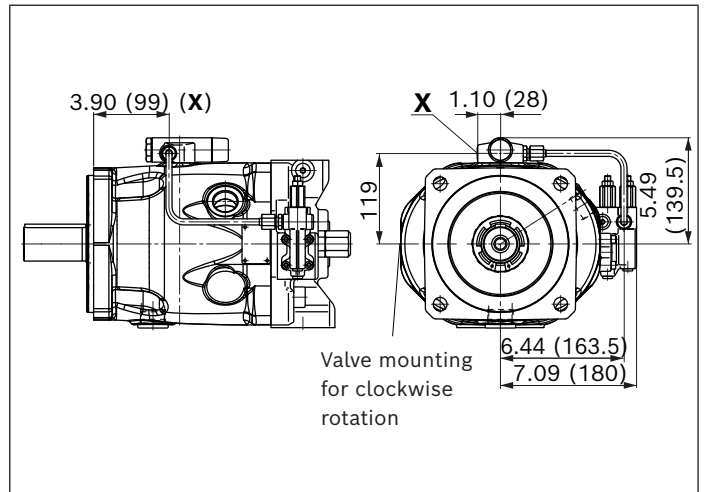
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller, Port plate 62**



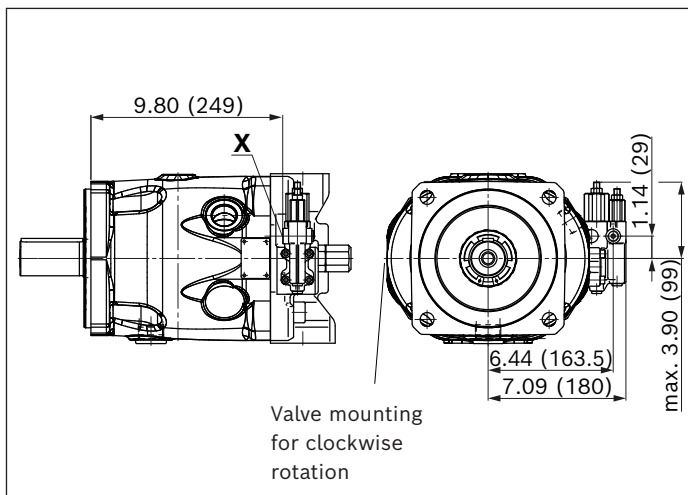
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remote controlled, Port plate 62**



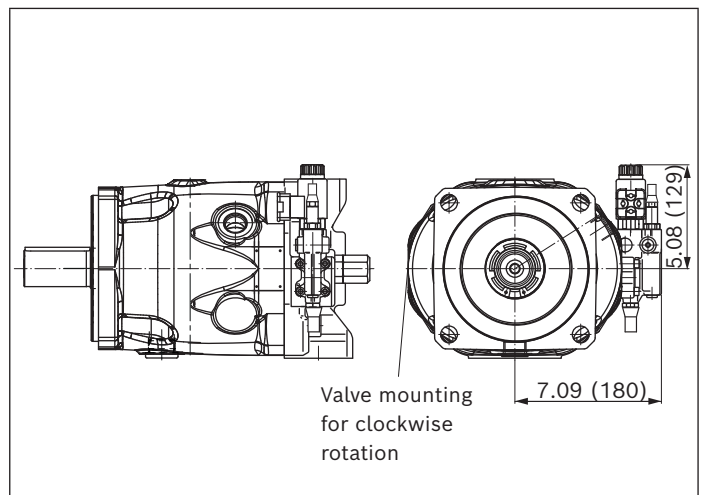
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled Port plate 62**



▼ **DRF/DRS – Pressure, flow controller, Port plate 62**

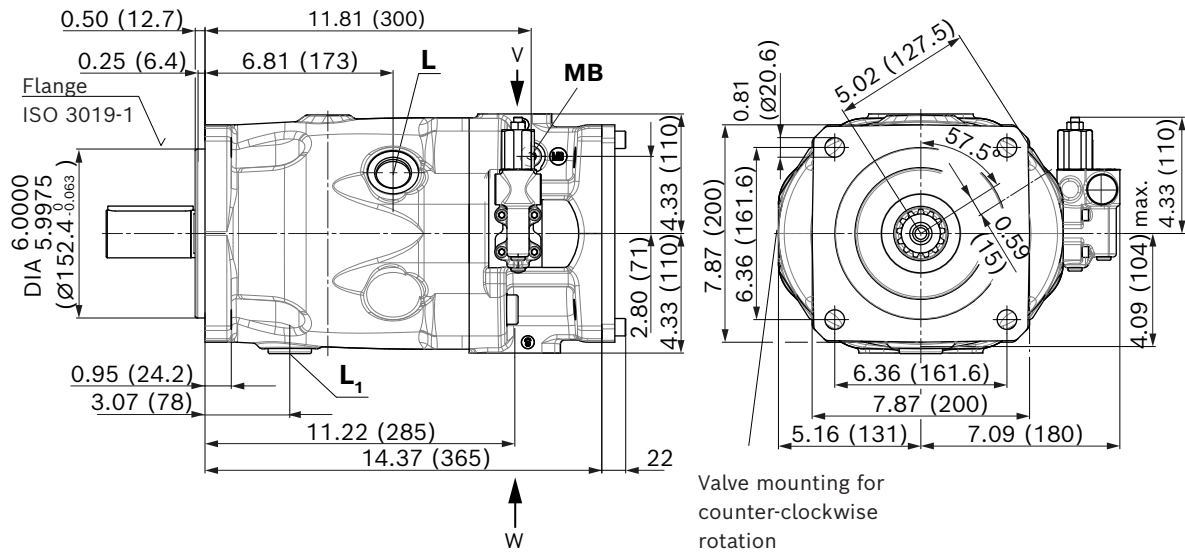


▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric, Port plate 62**



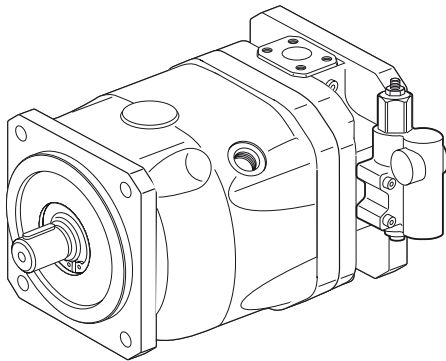
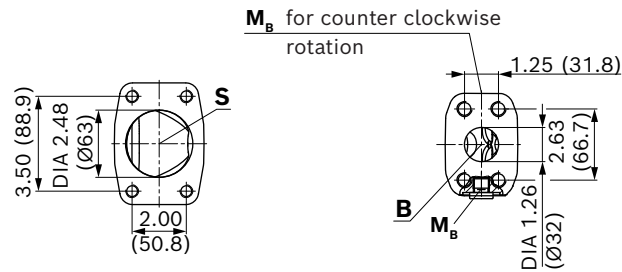
Dimensions, size 180

DR – Pressure controller with port plate 72/82

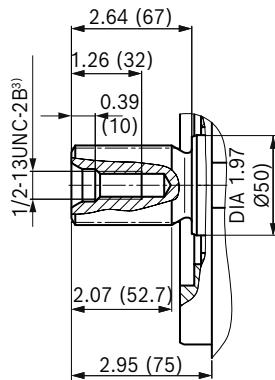


Detail W

Detail V

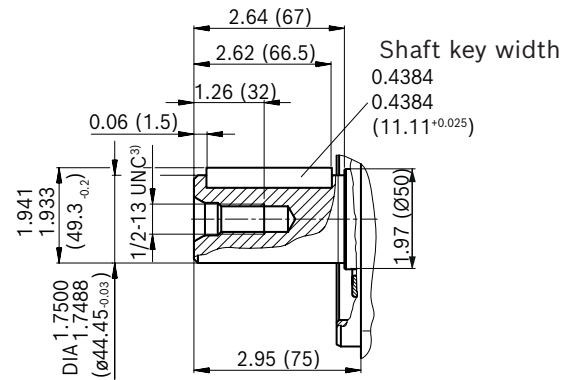


▼ Splined shaft 1 3/4 in (44-4, ISO 3019-1)

S – 13T 8/16DP¹⁾

▼ Parallel keyed shaft ISO 3019-1

K – 44-1



Ports	Standard	Size	$p_{\max}$ [psi (bar)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 0.75 (19) deep	5100 (350) O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	2 1/2 in 1/2-13UNC-2B; 0.67 (17) deep	145 (10) O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2) O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B; 0.79 (20) deep	30 (2) X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350) O
X	Pilot pressure (with DG-control)	DIN 3852-2	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	4100 (280) O
M_B	Measuring pressure B	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 0.47 (12) deep	5100 (350) X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.

3) Thread according to ASME B1.1

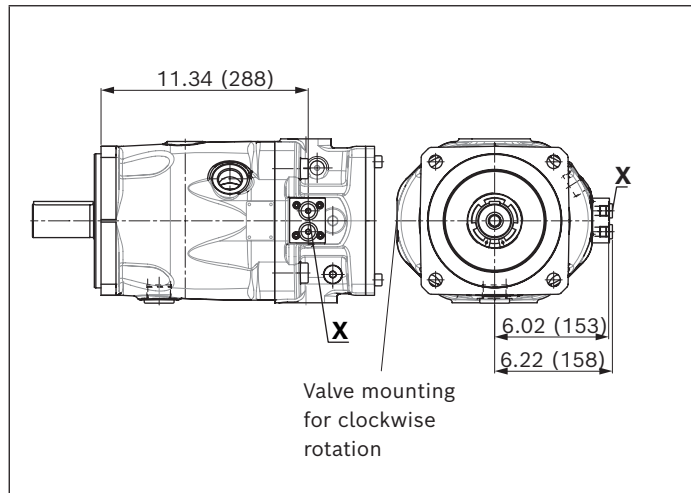
4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

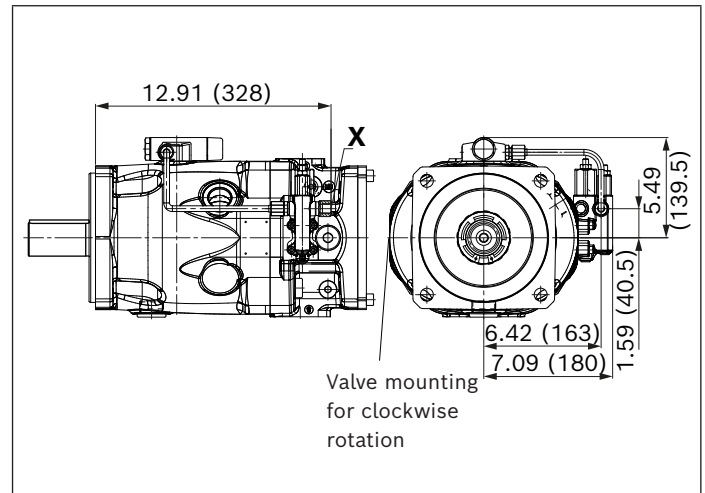
6) Depending on the installation position, L or L₁ must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 48).

7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

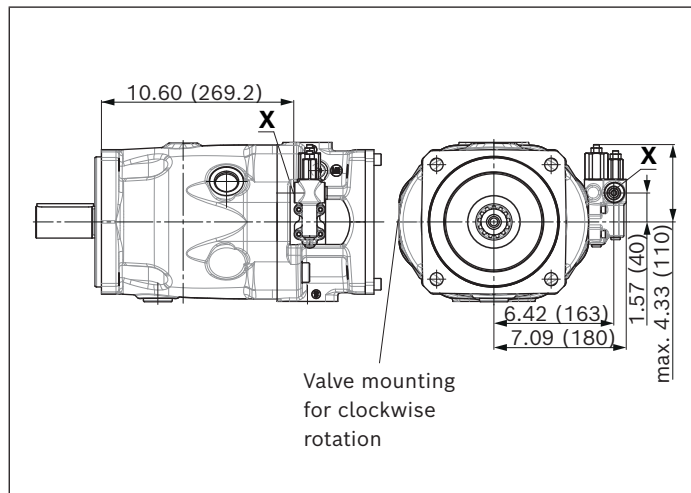
▼ **DG - Two-point control, direct operated**



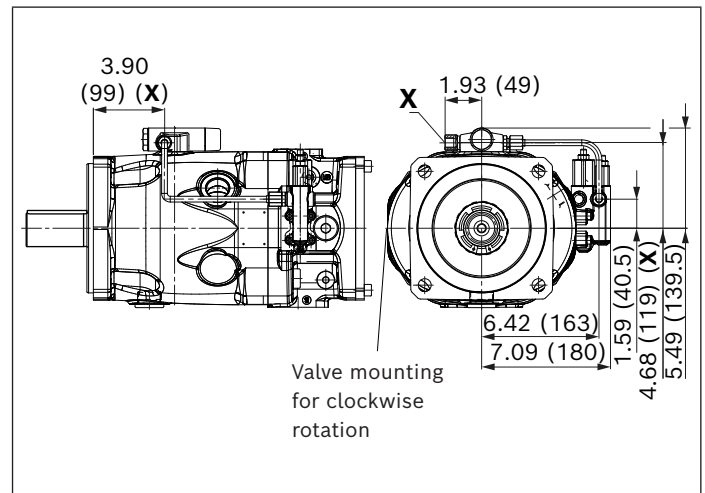
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller**



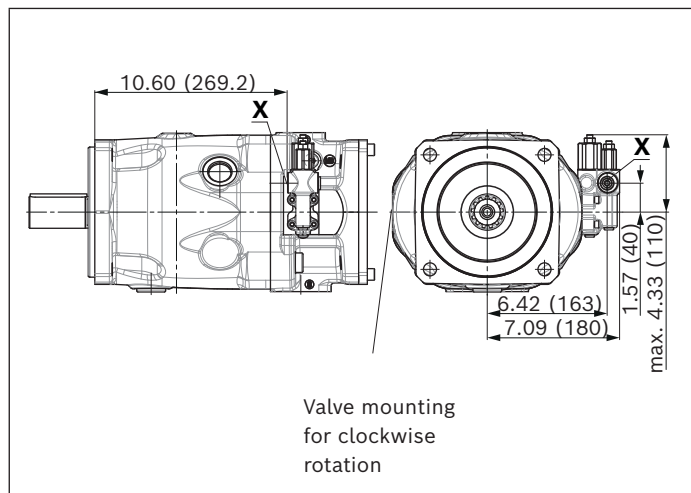
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



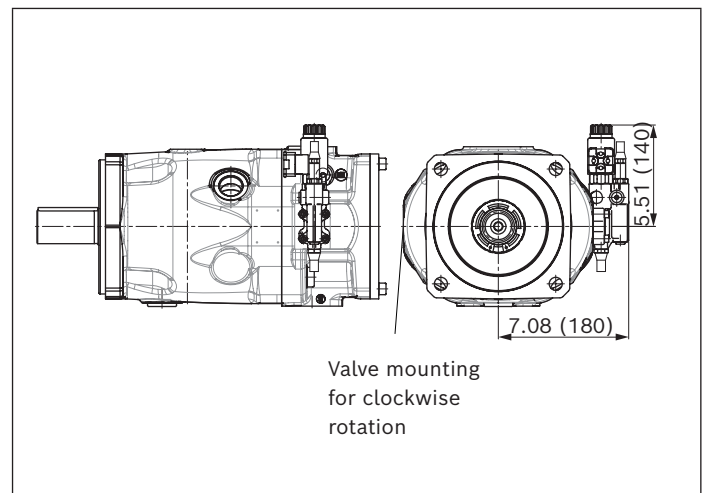
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller with pressure cut off, remote controlled**



▼ **DRF/DRS - Pressure, flow controller**



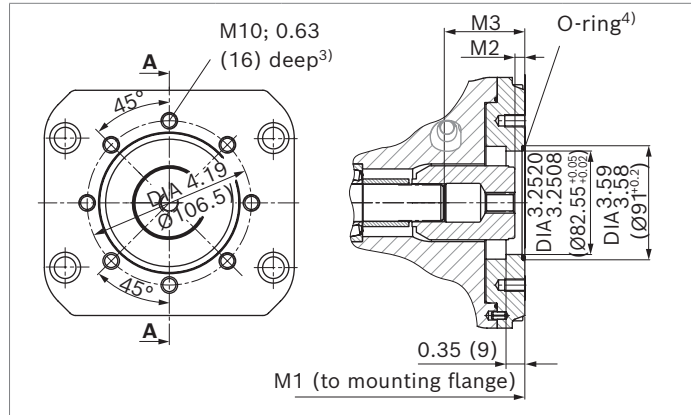
▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric**



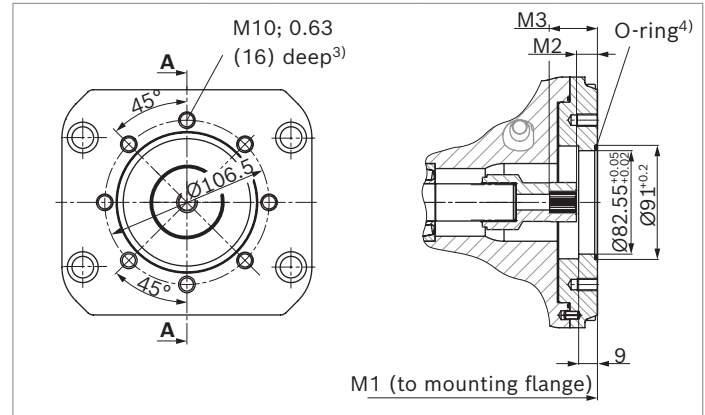
For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange		Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
82-2 (A)	8, 8°, 8°	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	●	U01
				-	-	-	●	-	K01
	8, 8°, 8°	3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	●	U52
				-	-	-	●	-	K52

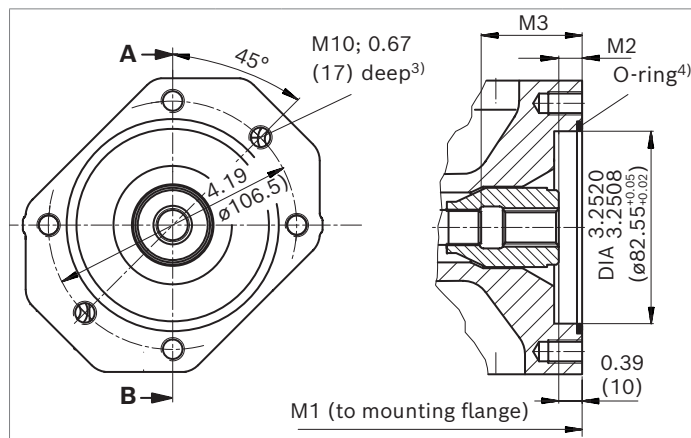
● = Available ○ = On request

▼ **82-2 (A)**

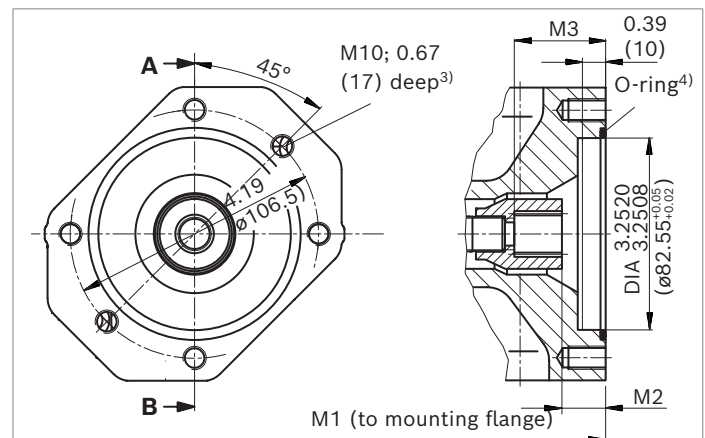
U01 (16-4 (A))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	45	10.39 (264)	0.83 (21.2)	2.10 (53.3)
	71	11.77 (299)	0.33 (8.4)	2.39 (60.6)
	100	14.17 (360)	0.38 (9.7)	2.55 (64.7)
	140	14.84 (377)	0.38 (9.7)	3.02 (76.8)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.42 (10.8)	3.03 (77.1)

▼ **82-2 (A)**

U52 (19-4 (A-B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	45	10.39 (264)	0.75 (19)	1.55 (39.4)
	71	11.77 (299)	0.81 (20.8)	1.62 (41.2)
	100	14.17 (360)	0.75 (19)	1.57 (40)
	140	14.84 (377)	0.73 (18.6)	1.56 (39.6)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.74 (18.9)	1.57 (39.9)

▼ **82-2 (A)**

K01 (16-4 (A))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	13.78 (350)	0.40 (10.1)	3.02 (76.6)

▼ **82-2 (A)**

K52 (19-4 (A-B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	13.78 (350)	0.72 (18.4)	1.55 (39.4)

- 1) According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

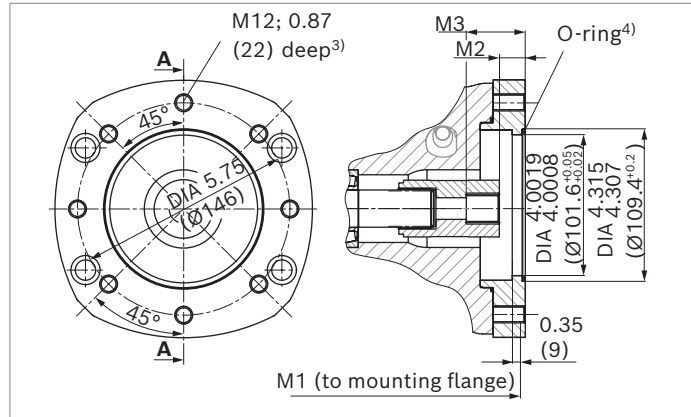
- 3) Thread according to DIN 13.
 4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) Minimum dimension

For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange		Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
101-2 (B)	⌀, ⌀, ∞	7/8 in 13T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	●	U68
				-	-	-	●	-	K68
	⌀, ⌀, ∞	1 in 15T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	●	U04
				-	-	-	●	-	K04

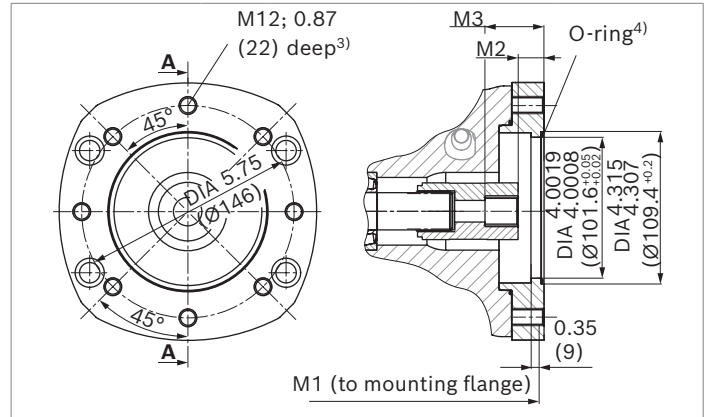
● = Available ○ = On request

▼ **101-2**



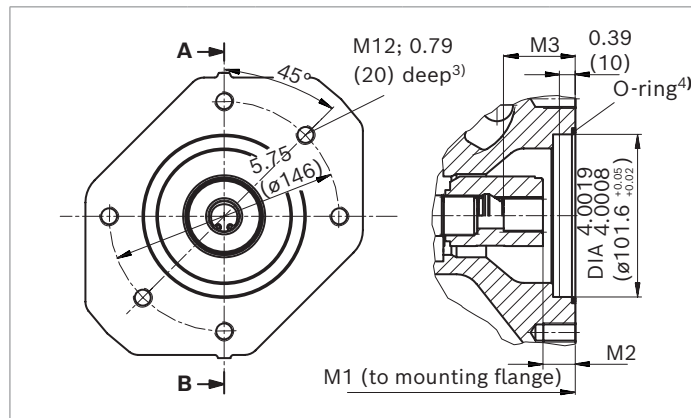
U68 (22-4) (B)	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
45	10.39 (264)	0.71 (18)	1.67 (42.4)	
71	11.77 (299)	0.78 (19.8)	1.74 (44.2)	
100	14.17 (360)	0.71 (18)	1.66 (42.3)	
140	14.84 (377)	0.69 (17.6)	1.65 (41.9)	
180	15.25 (387)	0.70 (17.9)	1.66 (42.2)	

▼ **101-2**



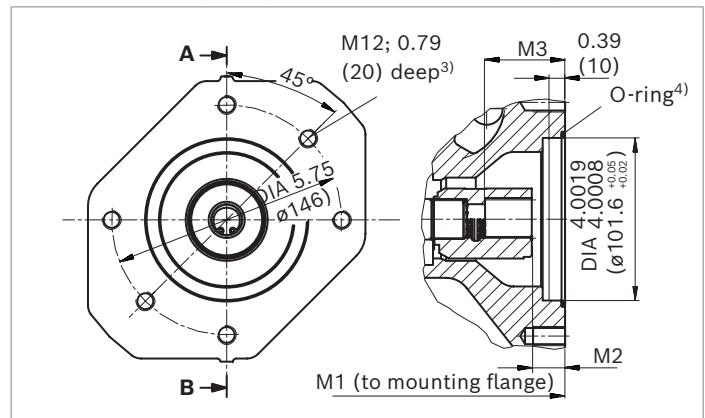
U04 (25-4) (B-B)	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
45	10.39 (264)	0.73 (18.5)	1.89 (48)	
71	11.77 (299)	0.80 (20.3)	1.94 (49.2)	
100	14.17 (360)	0.72 (18.2)	1.85 (47)	
140	14.84 (377)	0.71 (18.1)	1.87 (47.6)	
180	15.25 (387)	0.72 (18.4)	1.88 (47.9)	

▼ **101-2**



K68 (22-4) (B)	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
140	13.78 (350)	0.69 (17.4)	1.64 (41.7)	

▼ **101-2**



K04 (25-4) (B-B)	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
140	13.78 (350)	0.70 (17.9)	1.87 (47.4)	

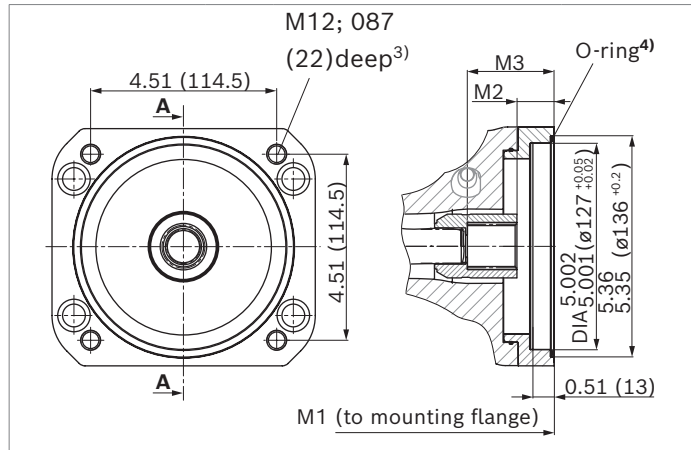
- 1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

- 3) Thread according to DIN 13
- 4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
- 5) Minimum dimension

For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
127-4 (C)		1 in	15T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	●	UE2
		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	-	●	●	●	●	U15
				-	-	-	●	-	K15

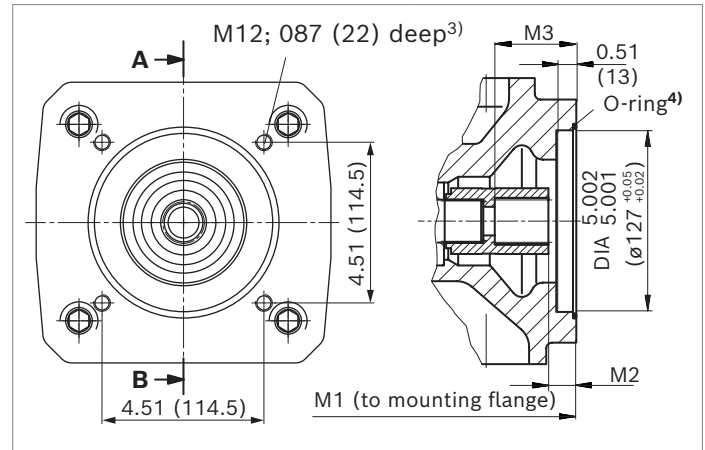
● = Available ○ = On request

▼ **124-4**

UE2 (25-4) (B-B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
45		10.39 (264)	0.73 (18.5)	1.89 (48)
71		11.77 (299)	0.80 (20.3)	1.94 (49.2)
100		14.17 (360)	0.72 (18.2)	1.85 (47)
140		14.84 (377)	0.71 (18.1)	1.87 (47.6)
180		15.25 (387)	0.72 (18.4)	1.88 (47.9)

U15 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
71		11.77 (299)	0.80 (20.3)	2.29 (58.3)
100		14.17 (360)	0.77 (19.5)	2.26 (57.5)
140		14.84 (377)	0.75 (19.1)	2.22 (56.4)
180		15.25 (387)	0.76 (19.4)	2.23 (56.7)

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

▼ **124-4**

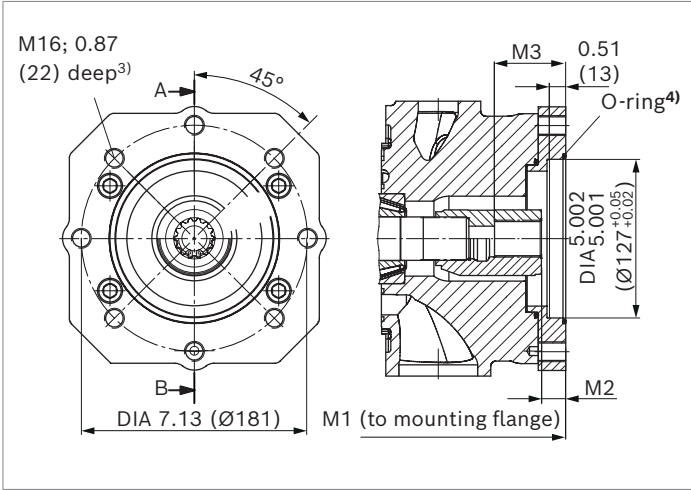
K15 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
140		13.78 (350)	0.74 (18.9)	2.21 (56.2)

3) Thread according to DIN 13
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) Minimum dimension

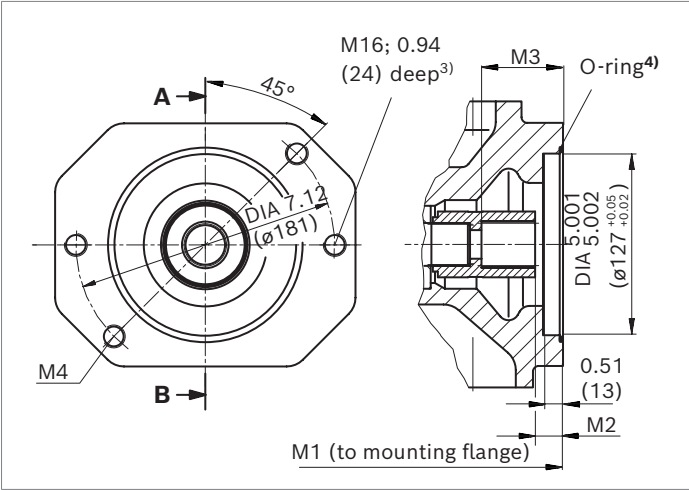
For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange		Splined shaft ¹⁾	Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾		45	71	100	140	180	
127-2 (C)		1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	–	●	●	●	●	U07
		1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	–	–	–	●	–	K07

▼ 127-2 (C)



▼ 127-2 (C)



U07 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	71	11.77 (299)	0.80 (20.3)	2.29 (58.3)
	100	14.17 (360)	0.77 (19.5)	2.26 (57.5)
	140	14.84 (377)	0.75 (19.1)	2.22 (56.4)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.76 (19.4)	2.23 (56.7)

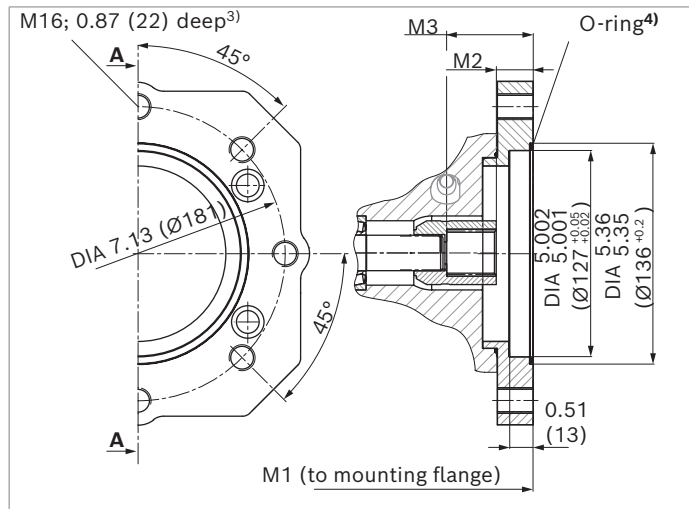
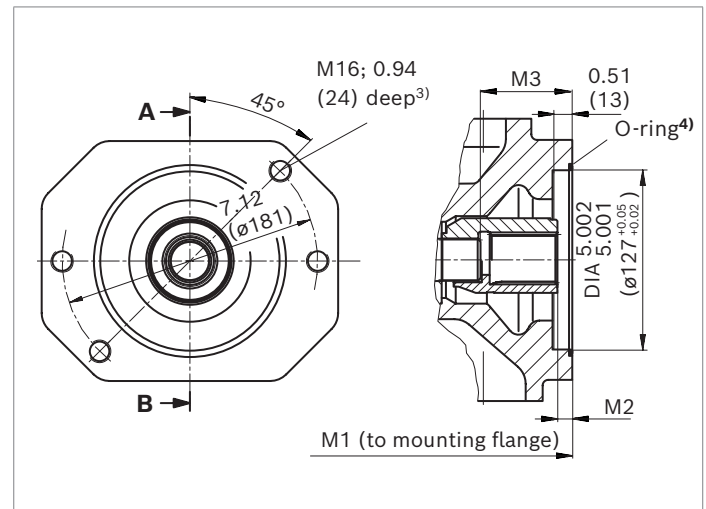
K07 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	13.78 (350)	0.74 (18.9)	2.21 (56.2)

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

3) Thread according to DIN 13
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) Minimum dimension

For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange		Splined shaft ¹⁾	Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾		45	71	100	140	180	
127-2 (C)	$\frac{8}{8}, \frac{8}{8}, \frac{8}{8}$	1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	-	-	●	●	●	U24
127-2 (C)	$\frac{8}{8}, \frac{8}{8}$	1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	-	-	-	●	-	K24

▼ 127-2 (C)**▼ 127-2 (C)**

U24 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	100	14.17 (360)	0.83 (21)	2.48 (63)
	140	14.84 (377)	0.38 (9.6)	2.70 (68.6)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.39 (9.9)	2.71 (68.9)

K24 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	13.78 (350)	0.37 (9.4)	2.69 (68.4)

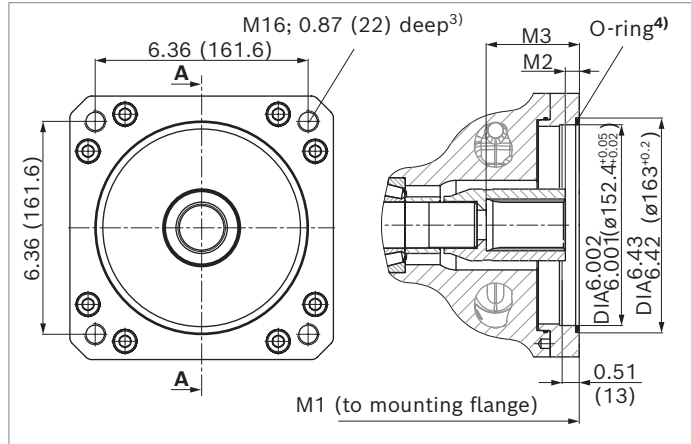
1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

3) Thread according to DIN 13
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) Minimum dimension

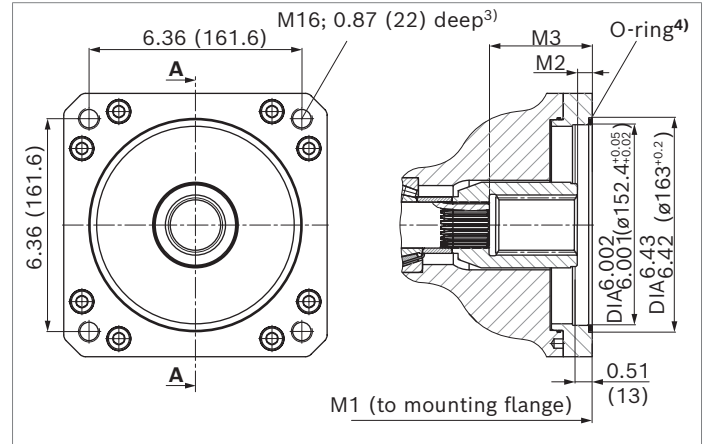
For flanges and drive shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Splined shaft ¹⁾ Diameter	Availability across sizes					Code
			45	71	100	140	180	
152-4 (D)		1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	-	-	●	●	●	U96
		1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	-	-	-	●	●	U17
		1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	-	-	-	●	-	K17

▼ **152-4 (D)**



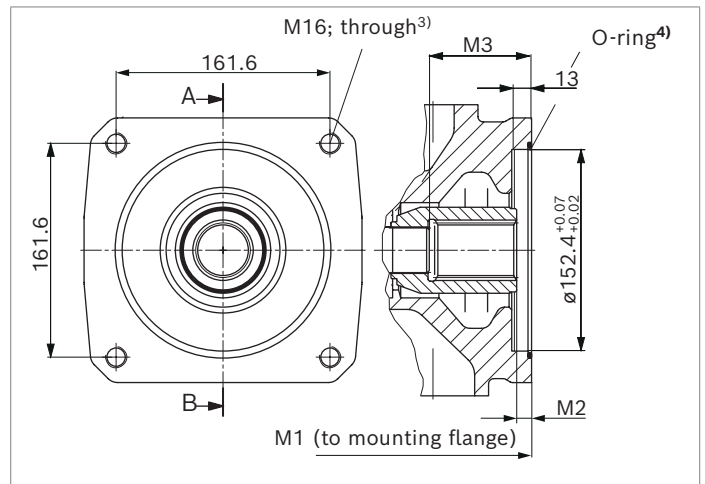
▼ **152-4 (D)**



U96 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	100	14.17 (360)	0.83 (21)	2.48 (63)
	140	14.84 (377)	0.38 (9.6)	2.70 (68.6)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.39 (9.9)	2.71 (68.9)

U17 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	14.84 (377)	0.37 (9.3)	2.99 (75.9)
	180	15.25 (387)	0.41 (10.4)	3.01 (76.4)

▼ **152-4 (D)**



K17 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾
	140	13.77 (350)	0.38 (9.7)	3.00 (76.3)

- 1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

- 3) Thread according to DIN 13
- 4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
- 5) Minimum dimension

Overview of mounting options

Through drive			Mounting options – 2nd pump			
Flange (SAE) ISO 3019-1	Hub for splined shaft	Code	A10VSO/32 NG (shaft)	(A)A10VSO/31 NG (shaft)	A10V(S)O/52 and 53 NG (shaft)	Gear/gerotor/vane pump
82-2 (A)	5/8 in	U01 K01	–	–	–	AZPF, PGH2, PGH3
	3/4 in	U52 K52	–	18 (S, R)	10 (S), 18 (S, R)	PGZ –
101-2 (B)	7/8 in	U68 K68	–	28 (S, R)	28 (S, R)	AZPN, AZPG
	1 in	U04 K04	–	45 (S, R)	45 (S, R)	PGH4
127-4 (C)	1 in	UE2	45 (S, R)	–	–	–
127-4 (C)	1 1/4 in	U15 K15	71 (S)	–	60, 63, 72 (S, R)	–
127-2 (C)	1 1/4 in	U07 K07	71 (S, R)	71 (S, R) 88 (S, R)	– –	PV BG 4, 5
	1 1/2 in	U24 K24	100 (S)	100 (S)	85 (S), 100 (S)	PGH5 –
152-4 (D)	1 1/2 in	U96	100 (S)	–	–	–
	1 3/4 in	U17 K17	140, 180 (S) ¹⁾	–	–	–

¹⁾ Not with NG 140 with U17 and K17

Combination pumps A10VSO + A10VSO

By using combination pumps, it is possible to have independent circuits without the need for splitter gearboxes. When ordering combination pumps, the type designations of pump 1 and 2 pumps must be linked by a "+".

Order example:

A10VSO100DR/32R-VPB32UB8+

A10VSO71DRF/32R-VSB22U00

A tandem pump, with two pumps of equal size, is permissible without additional supports, assuming that the dynamic mass acceleration does not exceed maximum 10 g (= 98.1 m/s²).

For combination pumps consisting of more than two pumps, a calculation of the mounting flange regarding the permissible mass torque is required (please contact us).

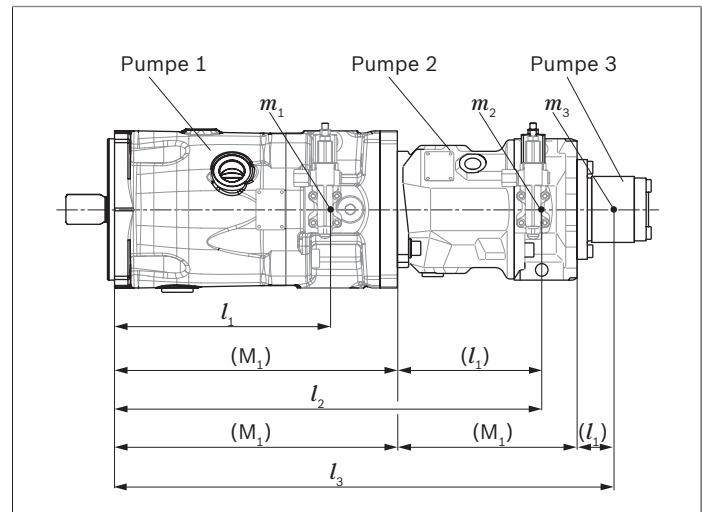
Through drives are plugged with a **non-pressure-resistant** cover. Therefore, single pumps must be equipped with a pressure-resistant cover before commissioning. Through drives can also be ordered with a pressure-resistant cover, please specify in plain text.

U00 basic through drives (without hub and intermediate flange) are supplied **with a pressure-resistant** cover. This enables the utilization of various through drive options without mechanical machining of the port plate. Details of the necessary assembled parts can be found in data sheet RE 95581.

Notice

With a mounted hub, through drives are delivered with a spacer as transport protection.

The spacer must be removed before the 2nd pump is installed and before commissioning. For information, please refer to the 92714-01-B operating instructions.



m_1, m_2, m_3	Weight of pump	[lbs (kg)]
l_1, l_2, l_3	Distance from center of gravity	[inch (mm)]
$M_m = (m_1 \cdot l_1 + m_2 \cdot l_2 + m_3 \cdot l_3) \cdot \frac{1}{102}$ [lb-ft (Nm)]		

Calculation for multiple pumps

l_1	= Front pump distance from center of gravity (values from "Permissible moments of inertia" table)
l_2	= Dimension "M1" from through drive drawings (page 39 to 44) + l_1 of the 2nd pump
l_3	= Dimension "M1" from through drive drawings (page 39 to 44) of the 1st pump + "M1" of the 2nd pump + l_1 of the 3rd pump

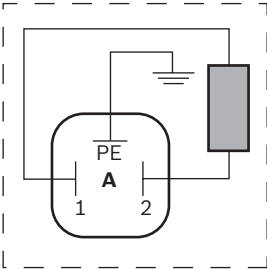
Permissible moments of inertia

NG			45	71	100	140	180
static	M_m	lb-ft (Nm)	2213 (3000)	2213 (3000)	5163 (7000)	5163 (7000)	5163 (7000)
dynamic at 10 g (98.1 m/s ²)	M_m	lb-ft (Nm)	221 (300)	221 (300)	516 (700)	516 (700)	516 (700)
Weight with port plate 12N00	m	lbs (kg)	–	–	–	70.5	–
Weight with port plate 12Kxx	m	lbs (kg)	–	–	–	79.5	–
Weight with port plate 22/32Uxx	m	lbs (kg)	72 (32.6)	114 (51.8)	168 (76)	199 (90.2)	197 (89.4)
Distance from center of gravity with 12N00	l_1	inch (mm)	–	–	–	6.22 (158)	–
Distance from center of gravity with 12Kxx	l_1	inch (mm)	–	–	–	6.97 (177)	–
Distance from center of gravity with 22/32Uxx	l_1	inch (mm)	5.31 (135)	6.02 (153)	7.24 (184)	7.72 (196)	7.48 (190)

Please also pay attention to the installation information on page 50.

Connector for solenoids

Device plug on solenoid (version H)
according to DIN EN 175301-803-A002M



With correctly mounted mating connector, the following type of protection can be achieved:

- IP65 (DIN/EN 60529)

Notice

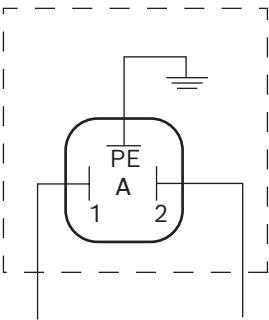
- If necessary, you can change the position of the connector by turning the solenoid body.
- The procedure is defined in the operating instructions 92714-01-B .

Mating connector

HIRSCHMANN **DIN EN 175301-803-A002F**
without bidirectional suppressor diode **H**

The mating connector (plug-in connector) is not included in the scope of delivery.

This can be supplied by Bosch Rexroth on request,
under Bosch Rexroth material number: R902602623



Control electronics

24 V nominal voltage, for ED72/ER72

Control	Electronics function	Electronics		Further information
Electric pressure control	Valve amplifier for proportional valves without electrical position feedback	VT-MSPA1	analog	30232

Mounting bolt M3
tightening torque:
 $M_A = 0.37 \text{ lb-ft (0.5 Nm)}$

Cable fitting M16x1.5
tightening torque:
 $M_A = 1.5 \text{ to } 1.9 \text{ lb-ft (1.5 to 2.5 Nm)}$

1 Device plug on the solenoid

2 Mating connector (not included in the scope of delivery)

The seal ring in the cable fitting is suitable for lines of diameter 0.18 inch to 0.39 inch (4.5 mm to 10 mm).

Installation instructions

General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation. This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines.

Particularly in the installation position "drive shaft upwards", filling and air bleeding must be carried out completely as there is, for example, a danger of dry running.

The leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest positioned drain port (**L**, **L₁**).

For combination pumps, the leakage must be drained off at each single pump. If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure in each unit is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating condition, particularly at cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid, if necessary.

To achieve favorable noise values, decouple all connecting lines using elastic elements and avoid above-reservoir installation.

Under all operating conditions, the suction lines and the drain lines must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The permissible suction height h_s results from the total pressure loss. However, it must not be higher than $h_{S\ max} = 31.50\ \text{inch}\ (800\ \text{mm})$. The minimum suction pressure at port **S** (see technical data on page 7) must not be fallen short of during operation and at cold start.

When designing the reservoir, ensure adequate distance between the suction line and the drain line. This minimizes oil turbulence and carries out degassing, which prevents the heated hydraulic fluid from being sucked directly back in again.

Key

Key	
L, L₁ (F)	Filling / Air bleeding
S	Suction port
L, L₁	Drain port
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)
$h_{t\ min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (7.87 inch (200 mm))
h_{min}	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (3.94 inch (100 mm))
$h_{ES\ min}$	Minimum height required to prevent axial piston unit from draining (0.98 inch (25 mm))
$h_{S\ max}$	Maximum permissible suction height (31.50 inch (800 mm))

Installation position

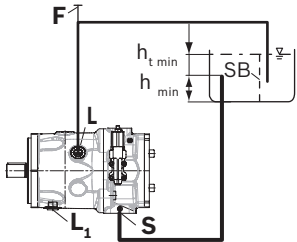
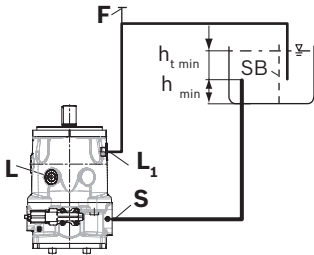
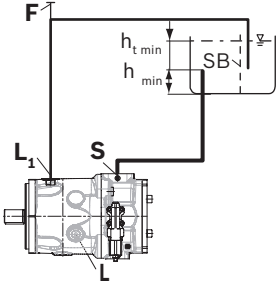
See the following examples **1** to **9**.

Further installation positions are available upon request.

Recommended installation position: **1** and **3**

Below-reservoir installation (standard)

Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
1	F	F (L)
		
2 ¹⁾	F	F (L ₁)
		
3	F	F (L ₁)
		

Notice

Port **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided by the customer to simplify the filling and bleeding.

1) Because complete air bleeding and filling are not possible in this position, the pump should be air bled and filled in a horizontal position before installation.

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir. To prevent the axial piston unit from draining in position 5, the height difference $h_{ES\ min}$ must be at least 0.98 inch (25 mm). Observe the maximum admissible suction height $h_{S\ max} = 31.50$ inch (800 mm). A check valve in the drain line is only permissible in individual cases. Consult us for approval.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
4	F	F (L)
5 ¹⁾	F	F (L ₁)
6	F	F (L ₁)

For key, see page 48

Inside-reservoir installation

Inside-reservoir installation is when the axial piston unit is installed in the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The axial piston unit is completely below the hydraulic fluid. If the minimum fluid level is equal to or below the upper edge of the pump, see chapter "Above-reservoir installation". Axial piston units with electrical components (e.g. electric control, sensors) may not be installed in a reservoir below the fluid level.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
7	automatically due to the position below the hydraulic fluid level. Via the highest available port	Automatically via the open position under the hydraulic fluid level
8 ¹⁾	Via the highest available port	L ₁
9	Via the highest available port	L ₁

1) Because complete air bleeding and filling are not possible in this position, the pump should be air bled and filled in a horizontal position before installation.

Project planning notes

- ▶ The A10VSO axial piston variable pump is intended to be used in open circuit.
- ▶ Project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston units requires the involvement of skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, this can be requested from Bosch Rexroth.
- ▶ Before finalizing your design, request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified data and notes contained herein must be observed.
- ▶ Depending on the operating conditions of the axial piston unit (working pressure, fluid temperature), the characteristic curve may shift. The characteristic curve may also shift due to the dither frequency or control electronics.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservation protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservation protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation periods apply under optimal storage conditions, details of which can be found in the data sheet 90312 or the instruction manual.
- ▶ Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the proper contact at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. $MTTF_d$) for functional safety.
- ▶ Depending on the type of control used, electromagnetic effects can be produced when using solenoids. Applying a direct voltage signal (DC) to solenoids does not create electromagnetic interference (EMI) nor is the solenoid affected by EMI. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) potential exists when operating and controlling a solenoid with a modulated direct voltage signal (e.g. PWM signal). Appropriate testing and measures should be taken by the machine manufacturer to ensure other components or operators (e.g. with pacemaker) are not affected by this potential.
- ▶ Pressure controllers are not safeguards against pressure overload. Be sure to add a pressure relief valve to the hydraulic system.
- ▶ For drives that are operated for a long period of time with constant rotational speed, the natural frequency of the hydraulic system can be stimulated by the excitation frequency of the pump (rotational speed frequency x 9). This can be prevented with suitably designed hydraulic lines.
- ▶ Please note the details regarding the tightening torques of port threads and other threaded joints in the instruction manual.
- ▶ The ports and fastening threads are designed for the p_{max} permissible pressures of the respective ports, see the connection tables. The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified application conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
- ▶ The working ports and function ports are only intended to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Assembly information

Due to the compact design of the housing, socket-head screws with a hexagon socket must be used to attach the axial piston pump. Please observe the maximum permissible surface pressure according to VDI 2230. Furthermore, observe the information regarding tightening torques in the 92714-01-B operating instructions.

Notice

Values in the US customary unit system are converted and rounded values. In case of doubt, only metric values are valid.

Safety instructions

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of getting burnt on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take the appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- ▶ Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances, get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components). As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk. The machine/system manufacturer should test whether additional measures are required on the machine for the relevant application in order to bring the driven consumer into a safe position (e.g. safe stop) and make sure any measures are properly implemented.

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